

HOW ABOUT Broaches?

Going to Want Some?

Well, this week we give you a chance to buy at a cut price. Take advantage of this clear up sale, it won't last long.



The Recognized Headquarters for Fine Goods and Repairing.

Pleasure

is sought after always, and everywhere by almost everybody. Sometimes it's costly, but when you can purchase your table supplies and make it both pleasurable and profitable don't pass it by.

Eating

is a necessity for the whole family from the baby up, and sometimes the latter (though small) makes more noise about it than all the rest of the family combined.

Sure

we will make it both pleasant and profitable for you to purchase your table supplies at 106 Main St. This store is more centrally located than any in the city. The electric cars start for all parts at our door, and the variety of our stock and its uniformly high quality and moderate price lead good buyers our way. Drop in and talk it over.

M. V. N. BRAMAN
106 Main St.

FOR COLDS

Fresh Mustard Leaves Ready to use 5c each 3 for 10c.

Guaranteed Hot Water Bottles Cloth Covered or Plain Best Quality of Rubber 50c, 60c, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50.

Lagrippe Tablets Cure a Cold in 24 hours, 25c a box.

Prescriptions for any Cold, Cough or Fever Medicine. We have in Stock all of the Remedies used by Physicians and will prepare your Prescriptions accurately at a reasonable Price always.

Hot Soda 5c Cup.

WILSON HOUSE DRUG STORE.

KRUM & BENJAMIN

HOW Does This Strike You.

YORK STATE EGGS 30c doz. and they are really nice, Big sale on them Saturday and not one complaint from any one.

CREAMERY BUTTER 28c lb. This is the butter that is put up especially for us, you can not get it any where else.

We have our own curing of SUGAR CURED PIG HAMS, all cut from choice Charlemont pigs.

Fresh made PURE LARD made every few days, open kettle rendered.

PRESSED CORNED BEEF made Monday afternoon, also a few brooked tongues if you want them.

Best Goods and lowest prices.

BATEMAN'S City Market

EARLY VOTE LIGHT

Threatening Weather in Many States Where Elections Are Held

RAIN IN NEW YORK CITY

Seriously Cut Down the Early Morning Vote. Fair Weather in This State But Very Light Vote. Other States

New York, Nov. 5.—There was a drizzling rain this morning but promise of better weather before the day ended.

The early vote was seriously affected. Both sides had plenty of watchers at the polls.

There has been some arrests for illegal voting but no disturbances.

Richard Croker and his three sons here voted their ballots in one-two-three order at 8 o'clock this morning. Low voted at 6. Both were snapped by cameras.

New York State
New York, Nov. 5.—Reports from over the state show weather generally cloudy and cold rain threatening. Voting is rapid.

At Syracuse half the votes were polled before 10 o'clock.

In This State
Boston, Nov. 5.—Fair weather is reported all over Massachusetts today. There will be a very light vote.

There is no change in the estimate given Saturday by both sides.

Hanna Satisfied in Ohio
Cincinnati, Ohio, Nov. 5.—A sharp frost in temperature and a freezing light vote indicates an off year in the interest shown.

Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 5.—Senator Hanna voted the straight republican ticket early.

He said, "I am satisfied with the work accomplished, and am confident of the result."

In Maryland
Baltimore, Md., Nov. 5.—The skies were overcast and the air damp and chilly with prospects of rain and snow this morning.

There was a fairly heavy vote. The new election law was not much of a drawback. The usual percentage of colored voters were in line.

Heavy Vote in Pennsylvania
Philadelphia, Nov. 5.—Election day in Pennsylvania was cloudy with rain with prospects of continued rain. A heavy vote was polled early.

QUARTER MILLION FIRE IN PORTLAND TODAY

Whole Water Front Threatened and Other Cities Sent Aid

Portland, Me., Nov. 5.—One of the most disastrous fires in recent years occurred in the big wholesale grocery of Milliken, Tomlinson & Co. on Commercial street early this morning.

For a time it seemed certain that the entire water front would go. The total loss will reach a quarter of a million dollars.

A general alarm for aid called the Lewiston and Biddeford departments. Many nearby buildings caught, including those of the American stone company sheds, and D. W. Clark and Co's stable. It destroyed also several dwelling houses and twelve horses were burned to death.

LONDON EMERGING FROM ITS DENSE FOG

Hospitals Have 100 Patients From Fog Accidents

London, Nov. 5.—Although the streets of London are useable today without lamps, the coast is still fogbound and all traffic impeded. Traffic on the Clyde has been blocked for 24 hours.

Steamers for Ireland are unable to leave port.

Many railroad collisions and minor wrecks on the coasts have occurred. One hundred cases of accidents during the night are at the hospitals.

SIBERIAN RAILROAD IS COMPLETED

The Great Undertaking is Now Practically Finished

Washington, Nov. 5.—It is announced from the Russian embassy that the trans Siberian railroad is practically completed from St. Petersburg to Vladivostok.

Ten years were completed last May 24 since the first sod of the Trans-Siberian railway was cut at Vladivostok. The present Tsar, who has throughout taken a genuine personal interest in the construction of the line, was then, as Tsarevitch, on a long tour in the east, and himself laid the first stone of the mighty work at the eastern terminus, where he read the imperial rescript of his father, commanding "the immediate construction of a railroad throughout the entire length of Siberia."

The original estimate for the length of the line was 4,64 miles and it was expected to be finished in complete working order in 1894 at a total cost of \$50,000,000 or \$175,000,000.

The first section to Omsk, 500 miles in length was opened within four years of beginning work. The next year saw it carried to the river Obi, another 400 miles, and by August, 1898, it had reached Sakutsk, 1000 miles farther on. The eastern section 475 miles in length was opened to traffic in 1897, and the remaining sections found Lake Baikal have occupied the rest of the time.

FRENCH FLEET BEGINS ITS WORK

Paris Receives Official Dispatches Announcing Its Arrival

Paris, Nov. 5.—An official dispatch announces the arrival of Admiral Caillaud's squadron this morning at the Island of Mitylene.

Another report says he has seized three ports of that island.

Reported at Smyrna
London, Nov. 5.—The Paris correspondent of the Daily Mail says that he understands that dispatches have been received at the French capital announcing that Admiral Caillaud's division of the French Mediterranean squadron has arrived at Smyrna and seized the customs.

Upholding the Government
Paris, Nov. 5.—In the chamber of deputies yesterday M. Sembat (Radical Socialist) interpellated the government on the Franco-Turkish dispute, criticizing the action taken as being for a material end and contending that France ought to have intervened at the time of the Armenian massacre.

The foreign minister, M. Delcasse, replied that France's patience was exhausted by the port's breaking its own promises. France, in the present difficulty, pursued no fresh advantage. But everybody would agree that this effort on the part of France ought to at least serve to put an end to the annoyances and unjust treatment of which French works in the Orient, scholastic and hospitable establishments, and commercial and industrial enterprises, had been the object.

The foreign minister's statement was greeted with applause.

M. Sembat was not satisfied with M. Delcasse's statement and moved that the chamber, convinced that France would fail in her duty if she did not protect the Armenians, in an effective

Continued on Third Page

Edward Possesses New Title
London, Nov. 5.—King Edward, at a meeting of the privy council yesterday, signed the proclamation giving him his new title, as follows: "Edward the Seventh, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Sea, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India."

Many Entries For Auto Contest
New York, Nov. 5.—The preliminary arrangements for the automobile race meet to be held Nov. 14 on the Coney Island boulevard are practically complete and indications point to a large entry list. Among the entries already made are: W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Henry Fournier, Louis Charley, Albert Champion, Thomas B. DeWitt, Kenneth A. Skinner, Foxhall P. Keane, C. J. Field and C. H. Tangeman.

Was Driven to Desperation
New York, Nov. 5.—Anthony J. Frank, who recently threw red pepper in the eyes of a jeweler and then tried to steal a tray of diamonds, was sentenced to five years in Sing Sing prison yesterday. It was shown that Frank, who had the support of a large family, was without work or money and that the crime was planned in desperation to secure money for medicine for a dying child.

BORDEN CUTS WAGES

Takes Off The Ten Per Cent. Increase He Had Made

IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 18

Regarded as Victory for Manufacturers' Association, Which Refused to Follow Borden's Example. It Effects 2700 Hands

Fall River, Mass. Nov. 5.—Notices were posted in the four cotton mills of the Fall River Iron works, conducted by M. C. D. Borden, today announcing that on Monday, November 18, a 10 per cent reduction of wages would go into effect.

The reduction places, the wage scale where it was before the two advances of five per cent made this fall and will bring it back to the level of that paid by the mills in the manufacturers' association.

The cut down is regarded as a victory for the association which maintained that the industry here could not afford to pay higher wages at this time.

It affects 2700 hands.

It was in September that Mr. Borden announced his first raise of five per cent. This was followed October 23 by a similar announcement.

The manufacturers' association declined to be guided by Mr. Borden's action and refused the request of the operatives for an increase of 10 per cent through the mills of Fall River.

A strike was then considered but October 22 the proposition to strike failed of passing the required number of unions.

The manufacturers' association were greatly pleased with Mr. Borden's announcement today.

STATE DEPARTMENT HEARS FROM MISS STONE

She and Her Companion Are Alive and Well

Washington, Nov. 5.—The state department has received telegraphic advices from its agents in Turkey and Bulgaria and expresses with conviction the opinion that both Miss Stone and Hadams Tsilika are alive and well or were so several days ago.

Nothing is given for publication respecting the progress of the negotiations for the ransom.

Chamberlain Rebuked
Berlin, Nov. 5.—The students of the University of Griefswald have sent to the other universities resolutions adopted by them in denunciation of the alleged offensive references to the conduct of the German troops in 1870 made by Mr. Chamberlain, the British colonial secretary. They ask the co-operation of the other universities in their rebuke.

Making Scientific Tests
St. Louis, Nov. 5.—The coroner's inquiry into the infection of anti-toxine serum, with tetanus germs, which, it is alleged, caused the death of 10 children and the serious condition of others, was concluded yesterday. The verdict will be postponed until the three experts who are making bacteriological tests of the serum have made their report.

In Need of Coke
Pittsburg, Nov. 5.—Eighteen blast furnaces have or are about to close down for want of coke. The car and motive power shortage on the railroads is responsible for this condition. No relief is in sight and it is probable other furnaces will have to close, with the result that independent steel mills will be materially affected.

Alleged Stabber In Custody
Plymouth, Mass., Nov. 5.—John Moran, a laborer, is under arrest on the charge of assaulting Charles McLaughlin. McLaughlin was stabbed in the thigh, the wound being an exceedingly painful one. Both men are said to have been under the influence of liquor at the time of the assault.

Steamer Had No Doctor Aboard
St. Johns, Nov. 5.—Steamer Bruce burst a steampipe in Cabot strait and three men were seriously scalded. The steamer was delayed 12 hours in reaching her port in consequence of the accident. The injured men had no medical aid until the vessel arrived in port.

Takes Father's Old Title
London, Nov. 5.—It is announced that the Duke of Cornwall and York will shortly receive the title of Prince of Wales.

PLOT TO MASSACRE WHOLE GARRISON

In Island of Luzon Revealed by Wife of Conspirator

Manila, Nov. 5.—A plot to massacre the American garrison at Moncada, providence of Tarlac in Luzon has been revealed by the wife of one of the conspirators. Several town officials are implicated.

The woman hid a detective under the house where he could hear the plot. The plan was to set fire to the house when the soldiers came out 150 conspirators armed with bolos were to rush in and massacre the garrison.

General Smith has ordered the deportation of the wife of General Lukban, leader of the Samar revolutionists.

Four native policemen were killed and their horses captured yesterday at aybay island of Leyte.

Lieutenant Julien Sanjot with a detachment of scouts encountered the insurgents southeast of Cabaogan in Samar islands, and in the fight killed 25 rebels. One hundred and seventy-five houses were burned and 5000 pounds of rice captured.

CLOSING ARGUMENTS BEING DELIVERED

E. P. Hanna Sums Up Governments Case Against Schley

Washington, Nov. 5.—E. P. Hanna, assistant to the judge advocate, began his closing argument for the government in the Schley case yesterday afternoon and continued it today.

He will conclude his argument today, and it is also expected that Captain Parker for Schley will be able to finish his argument by the time court adjourns this afternoon.

Mr. Hanna for two hours yesterday afternoon spoke, and when court adjourned he had not over half covered the ground inclosed in the case.

Mr. Hanna referred to the fact that in May, 1898, the coast of the United States was menaced by the Spanish fleet. The seaboard cities were exposed to attack. Military operations were pending for the relief of Havana, but they could not be carried out while the whereabouts of the Spanish fleet was unknown.

Mr. Hanna told of the arrival of the flying squadron at Key West and read a number of preliminary orders to Commodore Schley. Speaking of the run of the flying squadron from Key West to Cienfuegos, he asserted that the trip was not made as expeditiously as possible.

In taking up the question of the blockade at Cienfuegos Mr. Hanna said that Admiral Schley had testified that the vessels in the daytime tried a ruse to induce the enemy to come out. He called attention to the fact that this was not done until the captains of not over one vessel had been killed.

(Continued on third page)

Union's Efforts Were Fruitless
Havana, Nov. 5.—The local union of cigarmakers attempted to prevent 40 Havana workmen from sailing for Tampa yesterday to take the place of strikers there. The police arrested 30 of the demonstrators and escorted the workmen to the steamer Florida, which left for Key West during the afternoon.

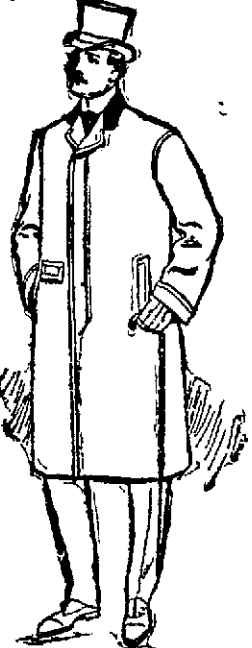
Remembered by Old Comrades
Washington, Nov. 5.—Adjutant General Corbin received a very beautiful gold lined silver punch bowl and silver stand for glasses yesterday from the officers of his old regiment, the 24th infantry, in which he served over 20 years ago. This regiment is now in the Philippines.

An Enforced Vacation
Washington, Nov. 5.—A cable message from Governor Taft says that on account of the recent operation he has undergone he will be incapacitated for duty for about three weeks. The operation was successful and his convalescence is progressing satisfactorily.

Negroes Won't Be Discharged
Indianapolis, Nov. 5.—The striking coremakers at the National Malleable Casting company's plant in Haughville have not returned to work. The officers of the company say that they are firm in their determination not to discharge the colored employees.

Gets Prize of 100,000 Francs
Paris, Nov. 5.—The committee of the Aero club yesterday proclaimed Santos Dumont the winner of the prize of 100,000 francs offered by M. Deutsch for a dirigible balloon. The vote was preceded by a warm discussion.

British Lost the Two Guns
Pretoria, Nov. 5.—It is known that the Boers got away with the two guns captured from Colonel Benson's column in the recent engagement near Brakenlaagte, eastern Transvaal.



You Think
Nothing
of Spending
\$5 or \$10

For a good dinner, cigars etc., and yet you will try to save that much when buying a winter overcoat from which you should derive pleasure and comfort for an entire season or longer.

The Steinhilber kind cost more than the ordinary ready-made sort, but the difference in cost is not worth considering for a moment when compared with their superior value. If you will once try a Steinhilber Overcoat, nothing will ever induce you to wear any other sort.

Winter Overcoats \$15.00 to \$35.00

C. H. Cutting & Co.
WHOLESALE RETAILERS
Cutting Corner, North Adams.

Silverware

A line of Knives, Forks and Spoons of extra fine quality, with my name on them, at less than wholesale price. SILVER SPOON HOLDERS, former prices from \$3.00 to \$6.00, at \$1.00 each to close them out. Our store alterations have been delayed and we will continue the sale till the workmen arrive.

L. M. BARNES, THE OLD RELIABLE JEWELER.
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For our market? Why it is simply this, when you buy here you always get the best quality of meats and vegetables of all kinds the market affords and nothing else. Because we have no customer that will put up with an inferior article of any sort. Consequently you may rest assured of getting only the best here always and at the Lowest Possible Prices.

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Telephone Call 21—3.

North Adams' Reliable Dry Goods Institution

Ladies' Coats and Costumes

This is a season of Variety, everything is fashionable. Raglans, loose and tight fitting; the natty 42-in fitted back garments and the 27-in half fitted jacket. While in tailor made dresses every form of jacket or coat is seen. Satisfactory selections can be made from our superb stocks, with special opportunities as follows; values that have not been equalled this season.

Fur Scarfs
50 fine opossum Cluster Scarfs \$3.98.
25 Brown Marten Scarfs trimmed with clusters of 8 Marten tails and worth \$8.50 to go Wednesday \$6.50.

See our line of Isabella Fox Boas extra fine quality of Furs and to go Wednesday at \$15.00.

Cloaks and Suits
25 New Raglans received this morning for Wednesday's offering 10.00, 12.00, 15.00 to 25.00.

Another new line of three-quarter and 27-inch Kersey jackets, the latest creations of the best designers in the metropolis and to go at prices that will please all who see the line.

Do not fail to see our line of Children's jackets, a better line has never been shown in this city at 2.98, 3.50, 4.00 to 10.00.

Petticoats.
As a special for Wednesday we will offer 50 fine Taffeta Silk Petticoats with wide accordion plaited flounce and worth 6.50, for Wednesday 4.98.

We are showing the largest and best assortment of Mercerized Satine Petticoats ever seen in this city. 100 different styles to select from ranging in price from 98c to 5.98.

Gloves
We are showing a very fine assortment of Gloves in Mocha, Dressed Kid and Golf Gloves. We cordially invite you to inspect this line before you buy.

Special advantages in Ladies' and Children's Hosiery and Underwear for Wednesday.

See our lines of Comfortables and Blankets. We can save you money and give you a Superior Assortment to select from.

THE GOOD WILL CLUB

Review of a Splendid Year's Work by Williamstown's Charitable Organization

WILL UNDERTAKE THE SUPPORT

Another Year of Sewing and Manual Training Departments in the Public Schools. Reports of Past Work and Plans for the Future

Among the organizations of this vicinity that have done and are doing a practical work for the welfare of the community, there is none that have been more efficiently managed, that has worked along more practical lines or that has accomplished more than the Good Will club of Williamstown. The 14th annual meeting of the club was held on Friday, and the keynote of the club's success in practical work for the community was struck by Mrs. A. E. Hall in her opening address when she reminded the members that "small service is the true service when done in the spirit of good will." The object of the club, she said, is to relieve cases of need, to further the best interests of the community in all directions and to cultivate a spirit of helpfulness and good will. For 14 years it has been in active service and much good has been done.

A very complete report of the business transacted at the annual meeting of the club was given in the Transcript of the next day; but for many years it has been the custom of the club to appoint a member at the annual meeting to prepare an "official report" of the year's work of the organization, which report was largely a series of extracts from the annual reports of the several officers and committees.

This report is longer this year than sometimes because of the important departure of the club is to make in supporting sewing and manual training schools, and it has been necessary to abbreviate it somewhat for publication. The important parts of the report have been left, however, and all who are interested in practical benevolence, the improvement of community life by the individual work of the Good Will club will be interested in the following abstracts.

The first and most important department of the club is that under the charge of the relief committee, whose members investigate all appeals for help and distribute food and clothing. The committee has helped ten families during the year, and in each case the help was greatly needed. Through the efforts of this committee and the aid of friends one child has been placed in the George "Junior Republic" and two others were placed in a similar institution at Annapolis, Md.

Miss S. Hopkins, who made the report for this committee, said: "In looking over the work for the past year I am struck with one fact, viz: that, although clothing and food were often badly needed, other things are even more needed—thrift, economy, temperance."

How to teach the people these things she admitted was a problem, but as one step in that direction she advocated the cultivation by every member of the club of a friendship with some one worse off than herself. The committee is now in great need of clothing, especially children's clothing, to distribute, and any articles that might be used or funds for purchasing them may be left with Mrs. F. A. Towne of Southworth avenue.

The hospital committee consists of one woman from each church. They investigate all cases of illness or accident and arrange for hospital treatment where necessary. The report showed that ten different people have been placed in the hospital in this city and the expense of their care defrayed by the club.

Miss Ida Ford, who assumed the work of giving sewing instructions in the schools upon the death of her sister, gave a report of the year's work that was very satisfactory.

The most important report of the year is that of Mrs. Mears. Means upon the cooking school, and because it is desired that the citizens of Williamstown should know what is planned, this report is given at some length.

After reviewing the reasons why it was deemed best to give up the independent cooking school the club maintained for a time, Mrs. Mears continued:

"Meantime the committee was asked to consider seriously the solution of the cooking problem. They were to investigate methods, expense, means of reaching the largest number of pupils and of giving them what would be of most value to them. Also to see if a room could be provided for such a purpose and to report to the next annual meeting. It was found that cooking classes for children are carried on for the most part in connection with our public schools, in such a manner that all girls of suitable age can be given consecutive and progressive lessons. That the work is best carried on in the graded schools taking the three grades immediately below the high school. This reaches girls between the ages of twelve and sixteen with but very few above or below those ages. That it was found that they accomplished more when the course was made a part of the regular school work and they were marked on the same. In the cooking classes investigated, which are greatly valued in the community, where they are carried on, the course was simple, economical and thorough. The children began by building their own fires, caring for the range, washing their own dishes, keeping their work places, dish towels, dish cloths, stove cloths, brushes, etc., in order. They were taught the value of different foods, the use of fuel, how to set a table properly and many things connected with the kitchen and dining room besides the actual mixing of bread and pastry and the preparation of soups, meats and vegetables. Instruction was given to the three grades below the high school, once a week for a period of an hour and a half. The room provided was fitted with every modern appliance at considerable expense but we have learned that an inexpensive room will answer. Such a room is best fitted up under the guidance of a teacher who knows our immediate needs.

We next investigated a summer cooking school held in a town under con-

ditions similar to our own. The school had been successful but the work had to be crowded into five or six weeks as was the case to our own. After careful deliberation the executive committee at a meeting held June 11, 1901, decided to recommend a permanent plan. Application was made to the school committee for a room. We were granted the use of the old high school hall in the building on Spring street. This is a large well lighted room with rooms adjoining for storage very suitable for the work of a cooking school. This room is at the disposal of the club so long as it is not required for school purposes. Application was also made to the committee for time for the cooking classes in school hours. We were granted one hour a week from the time of grades 7, 8 and 9. The lessons require a period of an hour and a half. In order to get this extra half hour it would be necessary to hold classes either before or after school hours. It ought to be said that the arrangements of these hours put considerable extra work on the superintendent, but this labor Mr. Mitchell is very willing to undertake.

The condition on which this allowance of time made was that the Good Will club should equip the room, meet all expenses and provide occupation for the boys in the time allowed the girls. The conditions impose a heavy burden, but at the same time they open a door through which we may do something to help our boys, a privilege earnestly desired by many of the members of this club. The work would have to be manual training of some sort. For this work it would be necessary to provide and furnish a room and assume the expense of a teacher.

We can not give exact figures as no definite arrangements could be made. The following estimate is submitted: Fitting for boys' room, \$150.00; Salary of boys' teacher, 150.00; Fitting for girls' room, 200.00; Cooking teacher's salary, 180.00; Provisions, about 50.00. This seems a large amount to raise but there are facts to mitigate the outlook somewhat. It is to be hoped that generous people will be found who will fit up these rooms. With the rooms thus furnished, the annual budget is greatly lightened. Through the liberality of good friends, the club has been enabled to lay aside a fund for some special project. If in the coming year this fund is not drawn upon, the executive committee can devote all or a part of it to cooking and manual training. When the rooms are furnished and this fund spent, it would not seem necessary to raise more for both cooking and manual training than has been spent in years past, for cooking alone. In 1899, the cooking school cost \$226 and in 1900 \$234. If we could combine with similar schools in other towns nearby as may be possible, for they are looking towards this kind of work, it would result in a saving of salaries.

The club voted unanimously in favor of proceeding with the work and introducing both cooking and manual training into the schools next fall. A meeting of the executive committee will soon be called to devise ways and means for raising the necessary amount of money, and it is hoped that all who are in any way interested in the work will assist.

The club has lost a very efficient member in the death of Miss Millicent Ford. Another very willing and able worker, Miss Alice Carter, has removed from town leaving a vacancy that will be hard to fill.

VERDI AND MORELLI.

Stories of the Great Musician and the Famous Painter.

Verdi Italy's great composer, and Morelli, her famous painter, were bound by the most tender friendship from their youth and had a reciprocal admiration for each other's talent, Verdi saying, "I would give all my operas to have produced one of the Christis of Morelli" while the latter, with equal sincerity, said, "I would give all my pictures to have composed 'Il Trovatore'."

Two good stories are told of Morelli which will be repeated to an audience of note was in Naples and very much desired to know him, but could find no one to act as intermediary. So at last she took courage in her hands and resolved to introduce herself, but not without qualms. As she approached she found the studio door open, one more cause of embarrassment, and, pushing a curtain to one side, stood before the artist at work, who, looking at her absentmindedly, said: "These lines seem to be all mine. What do you say?" And to her murmured response he went on: "But the eyes of the nuns do not suit me. Pray sit down for a moment; yours are just the thing." With inward delight the woman sat down and acted as model for an hour and a half, during which writer and artist talked as though they had been friends all their lives. At a certain point Morelli stopped abruptly, took off his glasses, peered at his handsome model and said, "But, excuse me, I called, 'Romeo!'."

As all the world knows, Maestro Verdi hated public notice in his private hours, so that one day when returning from Posillipo in the company of his wife and Morelli he was seriously annoyed when the people, recognizing him, began to cheer. "I want to drive myself home," he said hastily. "Morelli, just place yourself beside my wife, and, jumping out of his own carriage, he went on to the box of the next train, of course, and Morelli pursued their way, and, as the latter wore a big hat just like that of the maestro, they were acclaimed everywhere, "Viva Verdi!" "Viva il maestro!"

The artist, embarrassed, returned the salutes, but every moment became more overcome, while his companion enjoyed the joke to the full. On arriving at the hotel they were met by Verdi, to whom his wife said: "You would have choked to see Morelli bowing and smiling to the crowd as you could never have done. He has made your reputation for amiability," at which the maestro shouted: "I really had you there! I knew what would happen!"

An Odd Way to Fish.

The natives of Tutuila, one of the islands of Oceania, have a peculiar method of catching fish. At a given signal all the inhabitants of the village assemble on the seashore to the number of about 200 persons, each one carrying a branch of the cocoa palm. With these in their hands they plunge into the water and swim a certain distance from the shore, when they turn, forming a compact semicircle, each one holding his palm perpendicular in the water, thus making a sort of sieve. The leader of the party then gives a signal, and the fishers all approach the seashore gradually in perfect order, driving before them a multitude of fishes that are cast on the sands and killed with sticks.

DEAFNESS & HEAD NOISES CURED FREE

quickly at home by an invisible device; being cured as follows: After a few days of treatment, the patient is cured. No medicine, no surgery, no pain. No charge. Write to F. H. H. Co., 100 N. Y. Tribune, book of testimonials, at page 1.

THE CIRCUS SAMSON.

TRICKS OF THE STRONG MAN AND HOW THEY ARE MANAGED.

A Good Deal of Humping in the Feats He Performs—The Knock of Breaking Stones With the Flat—Feats With the Teeth Explained.

"There are tricks in all trades," said the old circus strong man, "but the trade of the circus Hercules is mostly all tricks. Anybody with ordinary strength can do the feats that seem so wonderful when done by these ten bark Samsons. In fact, few of them require any particular muscular exertion, but are accomplished simply by trickery."

"The dumbbells used by the performers are always hollow and weigh much less than the figures marked upon them would indicate. When you see a man pretending to put above his head a bell marked 400 or 500 pounds, you may safely conclude that he is trying to fool you. The very greatest weight ever lifted in this way was 245 pounds, 'Cyclops' accomplishing the feat in Cleveland in 1883. Genuine dumbbells closely resembling the hollow ones are thrown out into the audience for inspection, but these are never the ones used by the strong man or woman."

"Another common feat that arouses wonder is the breaking of stones with the fist. Spectators think that a man who can bring his clenched hand down upon a rock and flake a piece off with one blow must have tremendous muscles, but an ordinary man can do this if he knows how, while, on the other hand, old Samson himself couldn't have done it unless he had been put on to the trick."

"You will notice that the strong man always provides a solid piece of iron or stone upon which to crack his rocks. Much of the support is to be smashed firmly against the support, the weight pound away at it until, doomsday without hurting anything but his fist, but notice closely, and you will see that he holds the small stone a sixteenth of an inch above the support, and when he hits it it's the concussion that breaks it. Any one can do it neatly after a little practice."

"A little more real strength is needed in the feat of lifting a barrel of water and two men with the teeth, but not much. A man of ordinary strength can accomplish it. To begin with, the barrel, which it genuine would weigh with its contents about 900 pounds, has a false top and bottom and holds only enough water so that a little can be let out of the bung hole to deceive the on-lookers. Fastened to the barrel and to the waist of the performer and concealed by a sash which he wears is a rope. This is deftly hitched to the barrel when it is lifted up for him to take the mouthpiece in his teeth."

"The mouthpiece exactly fits his mouth, so that whatever weight comes here is usually sustained by the jaw. Here comes the thrilling moment! Two men lift themselves upon the barrel, and, with two other sturdy fellows to support his back and keep his balance, the strong man slowly lifts the barrel. Bending back, he supports the weight at an angle of about 45 degrees, apparently with his teeth, but actually upon his chest. It's a sensational act; but, as a matter of fact, more strength is required in the men who support him than in the star performer himself. Not more than 200 pounds were ever actually supported by any athlete in this fashion."

"The mouthpiece used in this trick is employed in all acts where the performers appear to hang by their teeth. It is so constructed that when one gets it in his mouth he cannot let go of it until the weight is taken off. So circus folks do not really support their weight or the weight of any other object by their teeth. It is actually on the neck that most of the strain comes, and performers doing this stunt very much get an abnormal neck development. Nowadays my neck measures sixteen inches, but when I was in the business it was nineteen inches around."

"About the only act that requires real strength is that of supporting a horse on a teeter board, but even in this trick the most important needs are nerve and a well trained horse. Bodily strength comes third. I'll never forget to my dying day the first time I tried this. I had rigged up two chairs as strongly as possible in a barn and fastened them to the floor, after which I had put a board across between them to support a teeter, upon which I had trained my pony to walk. When the animal had learned his lesson thoroughly and would ascend the teeter and balance at the word of command, I prepared for the final test."

"In place of the board connecting the chairs I put my own body. Across my chest I put the teeter board. Then, locking my feet firmly in one chair and my arms around the back of the other, I called, 'Romeo!'"

"He came from the hall, straight for the teeter. Then my nerve failed me. I cried 'Whoa!' wildly, but Romeo didn't seem to know the meaning of the word. On he came, directly up the incline. There was no backing out. All that I could do was to hang on desperately, and this I did. When Romeo got above my chest, he balanced himself gracefully for a while—it seemed an hour to me, though it was only a few seconds—then he went off the other side. I had succeeded, and the trick was not so hard as I had feared."

"It appears to the audience as if the man in this act was supporting the weight largely with his neck. Such is not the case, for most of it comes on his arms and legs, and the latter are fastened so that they cannot become loosened. It takes strength, but not extraordinary strength."

"Not unlike this trick, but requiring even less muscular power, is the feat of supporting a lot of people on a board placed across your body while you are bent over backward. This is certainly the easiest way for a man to support his family I know of. Before the athlete bends his body his feet are braced so strongly that they can't slide. Then he bends back and a board is placed across his knees and shoulders, upon which another board is put crosswise for the men to get upon. In this position the bones of the arms and legs support the weight, and as the bone of a healthy human being is pretty strong a number of men may get upon the board without causing the slightest inconvenience. The bones will have to be crushed before anything will give way."—New York Sun.

Small Consolation.
Heavyweight—He called me a giant.
Ron E. Yard—Well, you are pretty large.—New York Times.

Occasionally you meet a smart fellow who is making a mistake, and you feel like saying, 'Oh, well, go ahead, and let it out as it did.'—Atchison Globe.

Empire Theater

Tuesday Evening, Nov. 5.

Special Return Date!
Arthur Sidman's Charming Pastoral

YORK STATE FOLKS

Original Company and Scenery

Most beautiful production ever made of a rural play.

SEE

Maple Lane by Moonlight. The Great Church Scenes. Realistic Village Setting. Room. Great Wagon Shop Scene.

Prices, \$1.75c, 50c, 25c.

Election returns will be read from the stage between acts.

Richmond Theatre

Tel. 21-2 W. P. MEADE, Mgr.

Friday, Nov. 8

30th Successful Season

—OF THE—

LEGITIMATE IRISH ACTOR

MR. JOSEPH MURPHY

—IN—

KERRY GOW

Prices, 25, 35, 50, 75, \$1.

Seats at Box Office.

Richmond Theatre

Tel. 21-2 W. P. MEADE, Mgr.

Saturday, Nov. 9

Matinee and Night.

James A. Herne's

greatest play

SAG HARBOR.

The original production and same star cast as seen at the Boston Theater.

Special Matinee

Prices

Mat., 25, 35, 50c, 4 front rows 75c

Evening, 25, 35, 50, 75c, \$1.00

Seats for both performances Wednesday.

Cleanliness

Is

Next To

Godliness

This motto is observed closely in all our dairies. They are regularly inspected, are fitted with the most modern appliances, and we can guarantee our milk in its natural richness and purity.

North Adams

Milk Company

A Prize Watch Dog.

Gentlemen—But I am afraid he wouldn't make a good watchdog.

Man (with bull terrier)—Not a good watchdog! Why, lo! bless your 'eart.

Woman—Really?

Man—Yes, I had a letter that he was only last week that this very animal had a burglar down by the throat and beat his brains out with his tail!"

Dollars and Sense.

Towne—Wasn't that Cholly Shephard who was just talking to you?

Brown—Yes. There's a fellow who has more money than brains.

Towne—Really?

Brown—Yes. I just loaned him a quarter.—Philadelphia Press.

Vain Pursuit.

"Your husband, I believe, pursues literature for a living?"

"No. He merely pursues literature. He's never got close enough to it as yet to let anybody know what he is pursuing it for."—Chicago Herald.

SPECIAL NOTICES

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEADING OF TWENTY WORDS OR LESS FOR 50 CENTS A WEEK, OR THREE DAYS FOR 25 CENTS. NO CHARGE LESS THAN 25 CENTS.

Special Notices received too late for classification, will be found on page 5.

PERSONAL

Will the two gentlemen who assisted young man having accident with horse and buggy near Union Street school Saturday evening, please call at Tromblay Brothers, 53 Center street.

TO RENT

TO RENT—A large front room with bay window and alcove, steam heat and gas with privilege of bath. Address, C., this office 135-6t

TO RENT—Nicely furnished front room \$1.50 per week, 188 Brooklyn street. 135-3t

TO RENT—Barber shop to sell or to rent, easy terms, inquire of C. C. Casana, real estate. 135-3t

TO RENT—Two furnished or unfurnished rooms, 69 Holden street 2d floor. 133-3t

TO RENT—A s-x-room tenement with modern conveniences, 83 Blackinton street. 134t

TO RENT—One seven-room tenement. Modern improvements. Inquire Mrs. James Mack, 21 High street. 134t

TO RENT—On Bank street, a doctor's office and tenement with all the modern improvements. Inquire of Mrs. Margaret Reardon, 211 Church street, city. 131-tf

TO RENT—Two tenements with barn at 353 Eagle street. Inquire Fred Miller, 109 Eagle street. 132t

TO RENT—A six room tenement, No. 11 Elm street, \$2 per week. Inquire on premises. 132t

TO RENT—Six and 8 room cottages, \$2 per week; tenement on West Main street; tenements on Frederick street all modern improvements, rent very reasonable; 10 room tenement in Turner block, Eagle street. Inquire E. N. Smith, Anderson's book store. 131-6t

TO RENT—Six-room tenement, No. 32 Spring street, near Church. \$15.00. C. E. Butler, 9 Montana street. 132tf

TO RENT—Three six-room tenements on Central avenue. \$3.00 per month. A. A. Lee, 250 Eagle street. 131t

TO RENT—A fine flat; all modern conveniences; also barn. 215 East Main street. Inquire Mrs. F. P. Brown. 131t

TO RENT—An 8-room tenement at 120 Holden street, \$16 per month. W. H. Sperry. 131t

TO RENT—Tenements with modern improvements in desirable localities. B. J. Boland, 41 Eagle street. 131tf

TO RENT—Windor house barn on State street. Good barn with 5 stalls. Address Box 434, postoffice. 123-tf

TO RENT—Desirable seven room house on North Eagle street. Second one north of Millard avenue. \$7. Inquire at 111 Church street or 95 Main street. Room 25. 124-tf

TO RENT—Tenement on Ashland St.; also one on Harris st. Inquire Ashe and Arnold, Adams Bank Building.

TO RENT—A seven room tenement with bath. Inquire at Kearns' drug store, Eagle street. 120-tf

TO RENT—A tenement with all modern conveniences on Bryant street, \$10 per month. Apply Berkshire Hills Sanatorium. 63-tf

TO RENT—An eight room tenement on Grant street. Inquire J. R. White, Blackinton block. 104-tf

TO RENT—Tenement, also store, steam heat, low rent. Call 66 Holden street, Williams block. 106-tf

TO RENT—A tenement of seven rooms at 274 Walnut street, \$2 per week. Apply at 231 State street, G. Billings. 121tf

TO RENT—Tenement on Laurel ave. Six rooms \$12. Wm. H. Bennett, Bank block. 73-tf

TO RENT—Tenements on West Main street and Frederick street. Apply at E. A. Gallun, Boland block. 106t

TO RENT—Store suitable for grocery or baker shop at No. 53 Center street. Inquire C. F. Barden, No. 13 Freeman avenue. 1t

TO RENT—The very desirable store on Bank street occupied by W. A. Smith, the grocer. Inquire at F. J. Boland's store. 330-tf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—The Dooley homestead between Briggsville and the Red mill, running water in the house and barn. Inquire of John or Kathryn Dooley, Clarksburg. 133-3t

FOR SALE—A woodlot of 250 acres. East of the Red mills. Inquire of John T. Dooley, Clarksburg. 133-3t

FOR SALE—Second-hand parker stove cheap at 24 Elm street, City. 134t

FOR SALE—A nice 6-tenement block on Central avenue for sale or exchange. Newly repaired inside and out. A. A. Lee, Art., 250 Eagle street. 131t

FOR SALE—A fine residence property on Church street. Inquire 427

FOR SALE—A small size dress suit (\$5) in good condition, at a reasonable figure. R. R. Cota, Bank street, Mileage exchange and tailor shop.

WANTED

WANTED—A first-class barber at once; salary \$15 per week. Apply to E. Landry, Room 12, Martin Block. 134t

WANTED—Girl to do general housework; good wages. Inquire of A. W. Valencourt, Spring street, Williams-town, Mass.

LOST

LOST—Mileage book B. & M. R. R. containing 214 miles. Finder will confer favor by leaving at L. M. Barnes jewelry store. 133-3t

LOST—A ladies gold watch, hunting case. Elgin works, engraved house in back Monday night between State street and Center street. Reward for return to this office 135 3t

FOUND

FOUND—A mastiff brindle dog strayed to my house; 3 white feet, 1 white leg and chest. Owner can have same by proving ownership and paying charges. John McCurdy, South Williamstown.

ON THE MARKET

The Robinson Estate on the west side of Holden street. Choice Lots at Prices and Terms that will appeal to the careful Investor.

A. S. Alford

95 Main Street.

Business Directory.

Auctioneers

CHAS. L. FRANK—Deputy Sheriff and Licensed Auctioneer Office, Building Block, Main street, North Adams.

Architects

LaPOINTE & BOND—Architects and Engineers, New York office, 135 Broadway, North Adams office, 75 Main street.

E. T. BARLOW, B. S.—Architect, office, room 26 Hoosac Savings Bank Building, North Adams. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 12 m.

Carriage Manufacturers

EDMUND VADNAIS—Carriage and Wagon builder. Sleighs and business or heavy wagons made to order.

Contractors

H. C. WOOD & CO.—General contractors and builders. Stone, brick, cement, lime, fire brick and fine clay constantly on hand. Office and yard, 121 Ashland street. Telephone, 147-4.

Civil Engineers

H. P. LIN

THE FRENCH FLEET

(Continued From First Page).

maneuver. The government will facilitate this protest by an agreement between the powers.

Premier Waldeck-Rousseau then rose and said that M. Delcasse's declaration showed that the government's task was heavy and complex. As the government desired to secure respect for the interests of its fellow citizens, so it intended to defend the patrimony of moral interests devolving upon France. It needed the confidence of the chamber in order to accomplish its task.

M. Sembat's motion was rejected by 284 to 75 votes.

M. Cartan then moved that the chamber, confident the government would enforce respect for the interests and honor of France, pass to the order of the day.

The motion was adopted by 305 to 77 votes and the house adjourned.

Whatever the result of the French naval demonstration against Turkey the chief significance of the incident is the example it will set to other powers which have claims against Turkey. It is asserted, no doubt, on the authority of the French foreign office, that France had hitherto refrained from employing demonstrative measures against the ports to secure a settlement of the French claims simply because the whole fabric of Ottoman administration is so rotten that a heavy blow might pulverize it.

Joint action on the part of the powers cannot be much longer delayed. The insubordination of Macedonia, the excesses committed in Armenia and the dissatisfaction existing in Crete have reached such a point as to constitute a standing menace to the peace of Europe. Acting on the initiative of Russia and France, the powers are even now discussing the basis of an understanding for making representations to the sultan not only to carry out the clauses of the treaty of Berlin relating both to Macedonia and Armenia, but to give guarantees for the execution of these and further reforms.

"The porte has asked Great Britain," says the correspondent of the Echo de Paris, "to fulfill the terms of the convention of 1878 whereby, in exchange for the island of Cyprus, Great Britain guarantees the integrity of the sultan's Asiatic possessions. The porte claims under this convention that Great Britain should protect Asiatic Turkey against attack by France and suggests that Great Britain should send a squadron to the Levant for that purpose."

Brothers Suspect Foul Play

Boston, Nov. 5.—Two brothers of John J. Aberle, the man whose body was found at Plum Island, having become of the opinion that the dead man was the victim of foul play, called on Chief of Police Wade yesterday and expressed this belief. The fact that no trace of the dead man's money has been found seems primarily to determine the belief of the murder theory. State detectives are at work on the case.

Square-Rigger on Shoals

Chatham, Mass., Nov. 5.—A square-rigger vessel was sighted ashore on Handkerchief shoal a 10 o'clock last night. The vessel burned torches and Captain Eldridge and crew of Monomoy lifesaving station started to her assistance in the darkness with their lifeboat. The wind is northeast, but the crew are in no danger. They can be taken off if the vessel leaks badly.

Captain Was Left Alone

Gloucester, Mass., Nov. 5.—Schooner Dakota, from Rockland for Boston, anchored inside Dog Bar breakwater yesterday with her flag union down. A tug went out to give assistance and ascertained that the crew of the schooner on Sunday night took the only boat and rowed ashore, leaving the captain to navigate the craft alone, and with no means of reaching shore.

Says Woman Assaulted Him

Boston, Nov. 5.—Daniel Keefe was taken to the city hospital with a broken back last night, and his sufferings are terrible, but the surgeons think an operation may relieve him. Keefe says he is the victim of an assault from a woman whose name he does not know. He says he was finally thrown down a flight of stairs.

Potato Farmers Made Happy

Moulton, Me., Nov. 5.—Two weeks ago potatoes were bringing from \$1.25 to \$1.45 a barrel, according to quality and brand. Today the price is up to \$1.75 to \$1.85 a barrel. This increase of from 40 to 50 cents a barrel in so short a time indicates a much livelier demand for the tubers than was anticipated a month ago.

Heavy Orders For Brick

Hartford, Nov. 5.—The brick manufacturing plants of the Connecticut district are having great difficulty in meeting the demands which are made upon them. The price of brick has recently advanced from \$5 to \$7 per thousand, and the indications are that a further increase will soon be made.

Killed by Fall From Church Roof

Chelsea, Mass., Nov. 5.—Edward Morse, a painter, fell from a church roof to the street pavement yesterday and his body was frightfully mangled. Morse was on the First Baptist church roof at the ridge pole and the snow guards failed to hold him. He was 50 years old.

No Notice of Recall

Washington, Nov. 5.—Wu Ting Fang has yet no notice from his government of its reported purpose to recall him to China. He was at the state department yesterday, but found the officials there without any confirmation of the report.

Book Brought \$3500 at Auction

London, Nov. 5.—At an auction sale of a library here yesterday an original copy of Blake's "Songs of Innocence," and "Songs of Experience," was sold for \$3500. It is understood that it was purchased for an American.

Expulsion Order Cancelled

Berlin, Nov. 5.—The police order extending from Prussia Joseph Herings, the American newspaper correspondent, on the ground of an alleged evasion of military service 19 years ago, has been cancelled.

A LIFE SACRIFICED

Through Fear of Law Reluctant to Accidental Shooting by Hunters
Machias, Me., Nov. 5.—Lester Bowker died from a bullet wound yesterday, the victim of a hunter's mistake. His friends consider that his life was sacrificed in the operation of the new statute in this state which imposes punishment on a hunter convicted of killing another person. Bowker on Saturday was gunning in the vicinity of Great Falls on the Machias river. He was crossing an open field and was shot by a hunter in the nearby woods. The rifle ball cut a furrow across the left leg and passed entirely through his right thigh. He shrieked from pain and the hunter in the woods made off as quickly as possible. Bowker buckled his belt around his wounded limb and attempted to walk. He fell after going about 300 yards, completely exhausted.

On reviving he repeatedly discharged his rifle to attract attention and finally a party of four hunters were attracted. These men took Bowker to the river and in a canoe paddled five miles, then carrying him to a vehicle by which he was driven two miles to his home. Bowker was so weak from loss of blood and the journey, together with exposure, that he died yesterday. Had he received assistance at the time he was shot or a reasonable time thereafter his life would have been saved. The circumstances as Bowker described them to the hunters who found him indicated that the shooting was accidental, but the responsible party was afraid to give aid out of fear of the law. Bowker was 23 years old.

About the Toppan Case

Boston, Nov. 5.—In its discussion of the Toppan case The Journal today says that it has learned that the reason the government has selected the case of Mrs. Gibbs, who was the last of the four members of the family to die, as the one on which to prosecute the case against Miss Toppan, was that it was the most recent. The condition of the internal organs of the body was such that, they could, perhaps, be better submitted to the chemical test.

Highest For Twenty-Five Years

Fall River, Nov. 5.—The new wage scale went into effect in the Iron Works mills yesterday, weavers on regular printing cloth receiving 21.5 cents per cut. This is the highest wage paid for this work in over a quarter of a century. The Bournie mills will pay 5 percent less and the other mills 10 percent less. There was no trouble of any kind reported at any of the mills and none of a serious character is expected.

Assignment of Shoe Company

Claremont, N. H., Nov. 5.—The C. H. Washburn company, manufacturers of boots and shoes, has made an assignment to Frank P. Maynard for the benefit of creditors. The failure is attributed to the sharp competition in shoe manufacturing, requiring shoes to be sold at a very small advance on the cost of production. There is at present a large amount of unfinished work at the factory which will be finished.

From Cotton to Woolen Mills

Milbury, Mass., Nov. 5.—The Mayo Woolen company has bought the Wheeler Cotton mill and is fitting it up for making woolen goods. More than \$25,000 will be expended and the new plant will give employment to 100 hands. The other mill of the company here, which is one of 15 owned and run by the firm, is running night and day with 125 hands at work.

"Chinks" Were Chattering

Concord, N. H., Nov. 5.—Three Chinamen were hauled out of a sealed freight car yesterday by Deputy United States Marshal Turner, who had been notified by the railroad men. It is thought the Chinamen came through from across the border, thereby transgressing the exclusion act. Trainmen overheard their chattering.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Belgium and the Netherlands are to have telephonic communication with London and other large cities of England.

An electric car on its way from Gardner to Baldwinville, Mass., struck and killed Michael Carroll, a painter, aged 50.

Fire of unknown origin destroyed the large stock barn connected with the Blackberry River farm, Norfolk, Conn., entailing a loss of about \$12,000.

The Harvard law school has a registration this year of 627, which is 16 less than last year.

William C. Smith, aged 73, who years ago represented his district in the legislature, died suddenly while at work in the woods at South Royalton, Vt.

Made Him Careful

A schoolmaster after giving one of his pupils a caning ungraciously connected electricity was that of Professor Richmond of St. Petersburg. He devised what was practically the first lightning rod and was killed by it. He ran an iron to the top of his house in present lightning rod manner and waited for a thunder storm. It came. There was a terrific flash of lightning. The professor's appliance worked well, and he was found dead by the side of it.

The First Electric Victim

The first death in the world, so far as known, from artificially generated electricity was that of Professor Richmond of St. Petersburg. He devised what was practically the first lightning rod and was killed by it. He ran an iron to the top of his house in present lightning rod manner and waited for a thunder storm. It came. There was a terrific flash of lightning. The professor's appliance worked well, and he was found dead by the side of it.

Weather Conditions and Forecast

Almanac, Wednesday, Nov. 6.
Sun rises—6:23; sets—4:22.
Moon rises—1:53 a. m.
High water—7:30 a. m.; 8 p. m.
The low temperature area has extended into the western upper lake region, the Appalachians and the East Gulf states. There will be rain probably in the greater portion of eastern New England. On the coast winds will be fresh and mostly west to north by the side of it.

Exonerated For Killing Father

Chicago, Nov. 5.—Dan M. Hogan, known widely as a bookmaker and sporting man, was shot and killed by his son, Dan M. Hogan, Jr., in the family's country home at Wilmington, Ill. The immediate cause assigned for the shooting was abuse and brutality of the head of the household in striking his wife. It is alleged, until shot down by his son. A coroner's jury returned a verdict of "justifiable homicide." Hogan was 59 years old and left property valued at upwards of \$30,000.

SCHLEY HEARING

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE

any of the vessels. He then read from the official documents to show that coal was a practical necessity and that it was continuously going on at the time reports regarding its impracticability were made.

He then proceeded to follow the operations of the flying squadron and quoted a number of Admiral Schley's dispatches. He said that the time of leaving Cienfuegos was under order No. 8, telling him that if he was satisfied that the Spanish fleet was not at Cienfuegos to proceed with all despatch but cautiously to Santiago. "How it was possible," said the speaker, "in view of this order to report to the secretary of the navy, as Admiral Schley did, that he would not move until the next day, is inexplicable." He then stated that while Admiral Schley had reported that he would not leave until the 25th he did actually start on the eve of the 24th.

Mr. Hanna also quoted the order directing Commodore Schley to leave Cienfuegos before daylight of May 23, and said that as this order had directed that, if possible, the squadron should leave before daylight of that day, it should be constructed as a message of urgency. "Clearly," he said, "Commodore Schley was under urgent instructions to leave for Santiago; he did not do so, but he did not leave until the evening of the next day."

Respecting the order that the flying squadron on leaving Cienfuegos should mask its movements, Mr. Hanna said that this order was not carried out.

In concluding the subject of the first and second specifications, Mr. Hanna presented the following points covering these specifications, which, he said, he had made in the form of inquiries:

1.—Why the flying squadron was dilatory in arriving at Cienfuegos.

2.—Why the squadron was held there after the receipt of Sampson's order written and dated off Havana May 21, saying "Be at Santiago May 24."

3.—Why nothing was done to communicate with the Cubans after the receipt of the McCalla memorandum 8:15, May 23; and particularly why the three light signals that had attracted general attention on board the fleet were not investigated after Commodore Schley learned that there were Cubans in the neighborhood where such signals were displayed.

4.—Why order No. 6 directing that steps be taken to prevent the enemy from continuing work on certain new fortifications was not obeyed.

5.—Why the movements of the fleet on leaving Cienfuegos was not obeyed.

6.—The nature and causes of the current said to have accounted for the steaming of the ships off shore at night, while on blockade at Cienfuegos.

7.—Why, after learning positively that the Spanish squadron was not there and accepting this report as conclusive, the commodore sent official letters and telegrams saying not that he would leave at once, but on the following day.

8.—Why the commodore failed to report to any high authority that he actually did leave Cienfuegos on the eve of the 24th if, as appears, he did so fail to report; and generally.

9.—Why, irrespective of signals, orders or aids from any source, the commanding officer of the flying squadron did not, while at Cienfuegos, of his own motion and with resources under his command, do something to gain information of the Spanish fleet.

In taking up the third specification of the precept, concerning the cruise from Cienfuegos to Santiago. He admitted that the Eagle had delayed the progress of the squadron, but said this was not due to the weather, but to the water in her compartments. "As to whether the fighting ships should have been held back for the Eagle I do not express an opinion before this court," said Mr. Hanna, and then with this sentence he landed the squadron 25 miles south of Santiago, May 28, and then took up the retrograde movement.

He said that in making this movement Commodore Schley had not only taken away from Santiago the fighting ships of the flying squadron, but also the scout vessels located there by the government to watch the mouth of the harbor. "During this time," he said, "the gates of the harbor were left entirely unguarded, and it was not our fault that Cervantes' fleet did not get away without being destroyed."

Mr. Hanna had not completed his argument when the court adjourned for the day.

STILL GREATER SACRIFICES

Likely to Be Asked of the Subjects of Great Britain

London, Nov. 5.—What is regarded as an important announcement preparing the people of Great Britain for new taxes and fresh loans was made last night by Chancellor of the Exchequer Hicks-Beach, in a speech at Bristol. After alluding to the "enormous increased ordinary expenditures" of the government, and reviewing the war taxes, and saying that the ever-increasing demand of the national exchequer gives reasons for careful thought and even anxiety for the future, he proceeded: "The cost of the war in South Africa is enormous. It still draws on. It may be, when next year comes, that I may have to ask the people of this country to bear even greater burdens and to make even greater sacrifices."

Real Danger Ahead

London, Nov. 5.—John Morley, M. P., speaking yesterday at Forfar, Scotland, asserted that the ordinary annual expenditures of the British government had increased £28,000,000 during the last 10 years, or, including the suspension of the sinking fund, £32,000,000. He declared that there was a real danger ahead of the country.

Exonerated For Killing Father

Chicago, Nov. 5.—Dan M. Hogan, known widely as a bookmaker and sporting man, was shot and killed by his son, Dan M. Hogan, Jr., in the family's country home at Wilmington, Ill. The immediate cause assigned for the shooting was abuse and brutality of the head of the household in striking his wife. It is alleged, until shot down by his son. A coroner's jury returned a verdict of "justifiable homicide." Hogan was 59 years old and left property valued at upwards of \$30,000.

A BLANKET OF FOG

Brought Business to a Standstill in the British Metropolis
London, Nov. 5.—A fog such as Great Britain had not experienced for years enveloped London and half of the United Kingdom yesterday, blocking shipping, deranging railways and throwing business into confusion.

So dense was it that a walk into the streets was an adventure. The fog descended upon the metropolis and the suburbs so thickly that between 4 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon the principal avenues of traffic resembled the steam room of a Turkish bath.

Hundreds of thousands of London's suburban residents vainly endeavored to grope their way to the railroad stations. The few who succeeded found the trains all stalled.

Around Trafalgar square and the houses of parliament scenes unparalleled for years were witnessed. Hundreds of omnibuses, cabs, carts and wagons formed an inextricable and immovable mass. The mounted police, in trying to clear away the jam, got lost themselves. Many vehicles were in collision. The drivers, not knowing where they were, stood at the heads of their horses patiently awaiting the lifting of the premature darkness.

Lanterns were at a premium. Newsboys transformed their papers into temporary torches. Highwaymen pursued their vocation. Casualties were frequent and even hardened Londoners freely expressed a dread of the continuation of such fogs which yesterday reached a climax.

Terrible Attempt at Suicide
St. Paul, Nov. 5.—Mrs. William Mayer plied newspapers into the bathtub at her home yesterday, saturated them with kerosene and lighted them. Then bending over the burning papers she remained in that position until the entire upper portion of her body was horribly burned. The smoke attracted attention and she was found lying on the floor unconscious. Later she regained consciousness and said she tried to kill herself because she was a burden to her family. It is believed she cannot recover.

EASILY SUITED.

Not Not From the List of Dishes the Stiff Waiter Suggested.

His clothes were not of the latest cut, his hat had come from last year, and he wiped his broad wrinkled brow with a bright handkerchief as he entered a restaurant of good pretensions. Inside the door he hesitated, and a watchful attendant with a dignified wave of his hand motioned him toward a vacant table. With a slight bow he followed the indicated direction and was received at the table by a stiff looking waiter, who took his hat and faded umbrella, not relieved very smoothly.

As the old man seated himself the stiff waiter faced the watchful attendant, and a smile went from one to the other. The old man used the handkerchief again as his brass bowed spectacles eyed wandered over the four pages of the menu and returned again to the top of the first one.

The stiff waiter unbanded a little and leaned with one hand on the table. As a few seconds passed he unbanded still more and leaned with both hands on the table.

"We have fine corned beef and cabbage," he said in a low voice, "and corned beef hash. The country sausages are very nice. We can give you ham and eggs in a couple of minutes."

The old man continued to examine the menu.

"Very fine roast beef, lamb and pork," continued the waiter; "and mutton chops too. You might start with vegetable soup."

The old man turned over the menu. "All kinds of pies—fine pumpkin," said the waiter as he bent lower; "beer or ale or light wines if you care for them."

The old gentleman laid down the menu, took off his glasses, straightened up and looked at the waiter. The waiter took his hands from the table.

"Does this menu give the things you have mentioned?" asked the patron.

"Certainly, sir," answered the waiter as he assumed his original stiff position. "Then why do you repeat them to me?"

"I thought."

"Don't do it again. Thought isn't becoming to you. I will have consommé royale, but no peas, no fenestrated sauce, no mushroom stifle, macaroni a la Nicotina, venison steak, vanilla soufflé fritters, Chateau Margaux, cafe noir."

As the stiff waiter turned and looked at the watchful attendant neither smiled.—Chicago Record-Herald.

A Modern Mrs. Malaprop

A new crop of Mrs. Malaprops is gathered by the passengers who returned to this country not long ago on the same boat with a certain Chicago woman whose reputation for this kind of unconscious humor was firmly established years ago. She lamented leaving London so soon "because there was an elegant scullion there who wanted to make a bust of my arse."

In referring to the delights of her trip she spoke enthusiastically about a fancy dress ball which she attended and to which "one of my acquaintances went in the garb of a monk." One of the passengers congratulated her on her daughter's better health.

"She is not nearly as delicate as she was the last time I saw her," said "No," standing on a raised platform, with much better health. You know that naturally she is a very indelicate girl."—New York Sun.

Too Near the Throne

In the seventies the artist, Anton von Werner, was appointed to perpetuate the German imperial proclamation. He first made a sketch to submit to the old Emperor William. In this the various personages were grouped in the same order as during the ceremony at Versailles. With Bismarck at his left on a lower step and on his right the crown prince, whom the artist had represented with one foot on the upper level. The emperor examined the sketch and at once noted the position of the Crown Prince Frederick. He frowned, took his pencil and made a thick, rapid stroke through his son's right leg. "Not yet," said he.

From Experience.

Mrs. Enpeck—I learned today that Bob Smith and Mary Jones were secretly married ten months ago. Just think of it! Married nearly a year and nobody knew!

Mr. Enpeck—Oh, I don't know. I'll bet Smith was a whole lot wiser before he had been married a month.—Chicago News.

A Kindly Inquiry

Fairlie—Jack, have you that tea pounds I lent you the other day?
Fyntie—Not all of it, old chap; but what I have will do me a day or two longer. Jolly kind and thoughtful of you to inquire though.—Illustrated Bits.

BATTLE OF BALLOTS ON

Elections Being Held in Thirteen States Today

UNITED STATES SENATORS

Figure in the Contest in Many Instances—National Issues Do Not Figure Very Largely—Bay State Republicans Expect 55,000 Plurality

Boston, Nov. 5.—Following is a list of elections taking place today:

A Republican plurality of from 30,000 to 40,000 is the concession of the Democratic leaders in Massachusetts. Republican leaders say that their plurality will be 55,000.

Connecticut will elect delegates to the convention to revise the constitution of the state, in accordance with the result of the popular vote cast at the election on the question held on Oct. 7.

Iowa will elect a full ticket of state officers and legislature, to which falls the duty of electing a United States senator for the term which began March 4 last. For the state officers there are five regularly nominated tickets in the field; Democratic, Republican, Prohibition, Populist and Socialist.

Kentucky will elect its legislature, which will choose a United States senator to succeed William J. Deboe, Republican, his term ending March 4, 1908. The present legislature of Kentucky is Democratic in both houses—by 12 in the senate and 20 in the house of representatives; 32 on joint ballot.

Maryland will elect controller and clerk of the state court of appeals, and the members of the state legislature, which will elect a United States senator as successor to George L. Wollington, who was elected as a Republican, and whose term will end March 4, 1908. The Maryland senate consists of 27 members and the house of delegates of 91. Of the senators 13 hold over—10 Democrats and 3 Republicans. Thus the Democrats will need to elect but four members to control that body. For the two state officers there are six tickets in the field.

Mississippi will elect state treasurer and secretary of state for four years, the term ending January, 1904. This will be a special election by order of the governor.

Nebraska will elect supreme court judge and two regents of the state university.

New Jersey will elect governor and legislature. For governor four nominations have been regularly made, as follows: Democratic, James M. Seymour; Republican, Franklin Murphy; Prohibition, Joel W. Brown; Social Democratic, Charles H. Vall. The last named is a clergyman.

New York will elect the members of the assembly and fill two vacancies in the senate. A congressman is to be chosen in the 24th district to fill the vacancy caused by the death of A. B. Shaw. Nine judges of the supreme court are also to be chosen—four in the 1st district, one each in the 3d, 4th and 7th districts, and two in the 6th district.

Ohio will elect state officers and legislature. The legislature to meet in January next, will choose a United States senator as successor of Joseph B. Foraker, Republican, whose term will end March 4, 1908.

Pennsylvania will elect state treasurer and judge of the supreme court, and vote upon three proposed amendments to the state constitution. For the two state offices the Democrats and the new union (anti-machine Republican) party have fused.

Rhode Island will elect state officers and legislature. For state officers there are three tickets in the field.

Virginia will elect state officers and legislature.

Betting Favors Low

New York, Nov. 5.—At midnight last night both sides of the municipal contest were claiming the victory. The fusion leaders were more in evidence at their headquarters than were the Democrats at theirs, the latter, after the distribution of campaign funds in the afternoon, having hurried to their last orders to their followers. Wagers were laid at 10 to 7 on Low and the rest of the city ticket.

THE VALUE OF POKER.

How Walter Q. Gresham Got His First Federal Appointment.

Poker has its victories no less renowned than penultimate. It not only has won fortunes, but positions as well. Many a man owes his success in business to his character as read by an opponent in a game of draw, says the New York Press. There is a banker in New York who acknowledges that poker made him a young man, he had the good fortune to sit in a game with three railroad officials and a rich merchant, being invited merely to make a fifth hand, as the fourth did not care to "cut each other's throats." On his account the limit was made small.

So well did he play his hand that he gained the respect, friendship and admiration of the old merchant, who forthwith became his patron. With such assistance his road to fortune was easy.

Three presidents of the United States had a strong liking for Walter Q. Gresham because he was the best poker player of their acquaintance. When Indiana demanded the appointment of a United States district judge in 1869, Senator Morton appealed to General Grant in behalf of a man whom he desired to have as judge. Grant asked: "What has become of young Gresham who was a colonel of the Fifty-third Indiana, as I remember him? He was with me at Vicksburg." "Oh, he is practicing law in Indianapolis," said Morton indifferently.

"Well," continued the president, "I used to play poker with him in the war and took quite a liking to him. He was a mighty good cool player, and I believe he will make a good judge. So if you don't care I'll appoint him to this place." Thus Gresham got his first federal appointment.

Gresham's good play as well as his brilliant statesmanship made him a big man in the estimation of Arthur and Cleveland. Thorne appointed him to be one of three office postmaster general, secretary of the treasury and district judge. Cleveland made him secretary of state notwithstanding his former stout Republicanism. Arthur disliked to appoint him district judge, as it took him away from Washington and the White House gathering.

IF YOU ARE SICK!

WE GUARANTEE THAT

SMITH'S GREEN

MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR,

WILL BENEFIT YOU

We have the sole agency. Why? The big eastern concern who own it, will allow it to be sold only by one concern in each city or town. Its merits surpasses that of any preparation on the market, and that's why it can be sold only by one druggist. Then the public will be sure to get it when asked for.

It's a Great Medicine!

We know it is. We are prepared to tell you all about its splendid record in the east where it stands supreme as a Blood and Nerve Medicine. It is a System Reviver, a Body Builder.

We Guarantee it or Money Refunded.

Burlingame & Darbys Co.

Sole Agents

WHEN THE LAMP IS SHATTERED.

When the lamp is shattered,
The light in the dust lies dead,
When the cloud is scattered,
The rainbow's glory is shed!
When the lute is broken,
Sweet tones are remembered not,
When the lips have spoken,
Loved accents are soon forgot.

As music and splendor
Survive not the lamp and the lute
The heart's echoes render
No song but the spirit is mute—
No song but sad dirges,
Like the wind through a ruined cell
Or the mournful surges
That ring the dead seamen's knell.

When hearts have once mingled,
Love first leaves the well built nest;
The weak one is angling
To endure what it once possessed,
O love, who bewailest
The frailty of all things here,
Why choose you the frailest
For your cradle, your home and your bier?

His passions will rock thee
As storms rock the vessel on high;
Bright reason will mock thee
Like the sun from a wintry sky.
From thy nest every rafter
Will rot and the eagle home

The Transcript

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WEEKLY—Issued every Thursday morning, \$1 a year in advance.

A. W. WARDMAN.
The Transcript Building, Bank Street,
North Adams, Mass.

I know not what record of sin awaits me in the other world, but this I do know, that I never was so mean as to despise a man because he was poor, because he was ignorant, or because he was black—John A. Andrews.

MEMBERS ASSOCIATED PRESS

The latest telegraph dispatches from all parts of the world are received exclusively by the Transcript up to the hour of going to press.

WE HOLD THE WESTERN GATEWAY

From seal of the City of North Adams.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON NOV. 5, 1901

ADVERTISERS in the Transcript are the best business men in the community. Their advertisements are worth reading and they are the firms with whom to trade most advantageously.

CONTROL OF ANARCHY

All sorts of suggestions have been made during the last month as to the treatment which anarchists should have at the hands of the state, but most of the suggestions have come from those who had given the subject only passing thought, or who at least were hardly experts in the treatment of criminals and their kind. It is therefore of interest to notice the suggestion of one who may be called such an expert, Robert A. Pinkerton, eastern manager of Pinkerton's national detective agency. He is the son of the famous Pinkerton who built up the agency bearing the name, and who has made the name of Pinkerton almost synonymous with detective in this country. Robert A., the son, has rendered his most valuable service to the community by his efforts to institute among various classes of business men, such as bankers, jewelers, etc., organized measures for the protection of property, and is therefore better qualified than perhaps any other man in the country to deal with the subject of treating different classes of individuals as classes.

The suggestion of deportation for the anarchists has been made repeatedly and this Mr. Pinkerton endorses heartily, in an article on the subject in the current number of the North American Review. His first point, however, is that it is necessary for the American people to take the anarchist question seriously. The people of America, he says, seem to have regarded it as very much in the nature of some harmless exorcism bordering here and there almost on a joke. In the comic papers the anarchist, with us, has been a constant source of innocent amusement. It required the awful lesson of President McKinley's assassination to arouse the people to the real dangers that lurk in the movement.

He considers it doubtful if anyone has a conception of the anarchist movement in America, and he adds that only the most constant and strict police surveillance can accomplish anything in the way of protecting the community from them. He defends such severity saying: "In time of war the government does not hesitate to protect itself by adopting all sorts of measures. Why not, then, adopt a measure such as this in the face of a condition that is more dangerous in some respects than open warfare, because of the insidiousness of its character and the uncertainty of knowing just where to look for danger. In Europe anarchy has been accepted as a real tangible menace to government. Here we are still carried away by the fetish of free speech and unrestricted discussion to such an extent that we give absolute liberty to a class of people who are a danger to our institutions and a disaster to our nation."

Coming then to the vital point of his plan, for the establishment of an anarchist colony, like a penal colony, he says:

"At the beginning, there ought to be a law passed to permit the deportation of every man and woman who preaches the overthrow of government and the principles of anarchy. Instead of having any squeamish scruples, we should attack the evil in rough-handed, common-sense way. I would advocate the establishment of an anarchist colony, a place where every person who wants anarchy can have it. Let the government set aside one of the islands of the Philippines, equip it thoroughly with appliances for tilling the soil, erect comfortable houses and provide other necessary conveniences, even to the extent of expensive comforts; then to this place let us send everybody who wants anarchy; put them all on one island and let them work it out among themselves. Have no restrictions at all; let them govern themselves as they see fit. Leave them severely alone on their island, taking care only that they remain by establishing a system of patrol boats around it. I know of no other single experiment that would be at once so healthful and

this country as such a settlement and so instructive to the anarchists themselves and the world at large as to show their opportunities for individualism and freedom from government restraint would work out."

This might seem to be contrary to the spirit of freedom found in the country, but Mr. Pinkerton defends it on the ground of the necessity of urgent action. He instances things that the New York police have done which were technically illegal in the way of suppressing anarchist outbreaks, but which the results have shown to be wise.

The scheme is one to interest the citizen, but even as set forth by its advocate it is hardly one to attract the serious endorsement of the country. Stricter police surveillance would certainly seem to be essential, but deportation of persons many of whom it would be hard to classify as dangerous, would result in a system of control hardly likely to be tolerated by the nation.

So it's all over but the shouting. And now for the city campaigning.

The change in weather came just in time to make some of the candidates feel just a trifle frosty this evening.

For scenes of quiet restfulness the polling places during the forenoon hours were matchless. It was in truth a very quiet election.

So keen is the interest in the New York city political fight through the country, it seems almost a pity that the New York mayor couldn't be chosen by a national election.

The middle of November is the time for the Leonids to appear. Remember the Leonids? Nobody will sit up to see them after their failure to show up for the past few years.

The accident to George Z. Dean yesterday afternoon could hardly be called a campaign dodge. The many who voted for him will hope the newly-elected senator has not suffered serious injury.

With its inspiring ante-election breath the Pittsfield Journal yesterday gave as an argument against Sheriff Fuller that he had not followed the example of former sheriffs in leading the Williams college commencement parade.

The guardians of the Church street petition against street railway extension have exemplified their attitude in regard to the street by their care in keeping the petition from becoming public.

President Roosevelt's decision to write the whole of his message to congress instead of letting his secretaries write the parts relating to their departments, may lead him to make it brief enough so that people will read it.

North Adams still wants a militia company, and if there is a chance that another of the Second regiment organizations may be transferred, the city should set about securing it. Previous failure should not result in discouragement.

This time the Pittsfield street railway company wants to go east. It's the only direction street railway extension is not likely to take in this city for some years to come. But north and south we shall keep on extending.

Buffalo is experiencing some of the benefits of having had an exposition. The \$18,000 organ which was one of the features of the Temple of Music, has been presented to the city by a wealthy citizen who bought it from the exposition.

The board of trade should be prompt to second the petition from the Pownalls for a late evening train west from this city stopping at those stations. It is a mutual benefit and the Boston & Maine railroad officials should be made acquainted with the real demand for it.

Washington Correspondent

No more do correspondents wise in Washington, D. C., write column after column on the congress that will be. No more they pen impressive words about the senate's poise; instead, they give us yards about the little Roosevelt boys.

No longer do the questions asked by crafty Mr. Wu compose the bulk of heavy work "the correspondents do." The sultan's ultimatums or the social season's joys are nothing in their newsworthiness beside the Roosevelt boys.

Instead of reading China's woes because she has to pay, we thrill because the youngest lad "Rode his new wheel today." No gossip of postmasterships. Our daily news alloys, but there is wondrous stuff about "The little Roosevelt boys."

"They took a walk." "They stayed at home." "They rode out in a bunch." "They played baseball." "They went to school." "They had mince pie for lunch." It must be gay in Washington; there must be lots of noise. If all the items are correct about the Roosevelt boys.

—Josh Wink in Baltimore American.

FRANCIS MRS. M. Mrs. Mann—Oh, yes, I suppose I'm a disagreeable thing. No doubt you are sorry you ever saw me.

Mrs. Mann—I won't go so far as that. I only wish when I did see you I had taken a better look at you.—Boston Transcript.

CREED OF ANARCHISTS.

Manual of Assassination Found Upon Czolgosz.

WORK OF THE FREE SOCIETY.

Full Instructions Given as to Methods to Be Employed by Men Selected to Murder Rulers or Other Objectionable Persons—Use of Poison on Weapons Advised.

Czolgosz, the president's assassin, carried with him the creed of the anarchist society to which he belongs and a pamphlet detailing advice for successful assassination issued by an organization whose avowed purpose is murder, says the New York Herald's special correspondent at Buffalo. These have been found by the police and are printed in full below. They comprise two of the most cruel documents ever issued by civilized beings.

In full detail and with marvelous cunning such recruits as Czolgosz were initiated thus into the mysteries of the order and the successful accomplishments of its ends.

A manual purports to give some instruction for assassins. It is constructed in so cunning a manner that a man like Czolgosz must surely have been impelled with a desire to follow out its directions.

This manual is the work of the Free society, of which the anarchists now under arrest in Chicago are said to comprise many of the members of the executive committee. It is the most sensational proof of the existence of a plot yet discovered.

A copy of it is as follows: We hereby bind ourselves together to advocate and work for the destruction of the existing social order, with its laws and institutions, and the common division of property. We hold it to be self evident that the government, the law, the schools, the churches and the press are in the pay and under the control of the capitalists and will never consent to the laborers' demands unless compelled by force.

We maintain that all property owned by corporations and individuals should be destroyed and all capital which has been produced by labor should be transferred into common property. It is only when capital is made common and indivisible that all can be made to partake fully and freely of the fruits of common activity. Only by the impossibility of acquiring individual capital can every one be compelled to work who claims a right to live. As in former times, no privilege in the class ever relinquished its tyranny. No more can we take it for granted that the capitalist of the present day will forego their privileges and their authority without compulsion.

It is therefore self evident that the fight of the proletarian against the upper and the middle classes must be of a violent character and that mere wars cannot lead us to the goal.

We show by numerous illustrations that all attempts which have been made in the past to do away with existing social conditions through peaceful means—for example, the ballot box—have been utterly useless and will be so in the future. We know, therefore, that the ruling class will not voluntarily relinquish the prerogative of making laws to the detriment of the masses.

Under all these circumstances there is only one remedy left—force.

Our platform is simple and divided as follows:

First—The destruction of existing social conditions through inexorable revolution and international activity.

Second—The building of a free society on communitarian organizations or productions.

Third—Free exchange of equivalent products through the productive organization, without jobbing and profit making.

Fourth—Organization of the educational system upon non-religious lines and on an equal basis for both sexes.

Fifth—Equal rights for all without distinction of sex or race.

Sixth—Free regulation of public affairs through agreements between the independent communes and confederations.

Leon Czolgosz now asserts that he belongs to the International Arbeiter Zeitung association, which is divided into eight groups of anarchists. It is ruled by a central committee, located in Chicago, of which the members are said to be Abraham Isaak, Michael Rose, Alfred Schneider, Henry Trevaglio and Morris Fox.

Indirectly the Free society is connected with the Arbeiter Zeitung association. The Free society has issued large quantities of printed material, a key to which is now in the possession of the police of Buffalo and Chicago. Physical force is the doctrine that is at all times taught. Opposition to society as it now exists is the watchword. Special stress is laid upon success.

Among the belongings of Czolgosz was found a manual of instructions for the successful execution of anarchical assassinations by knife or bullet, together with complete details or plans and a method of supplying the assassin with funds. Rules for his conduct under all circumstances are supplied. The words "murder" and "assassination" are not used, but for them is substituted "event" and "action."

The manual contains the following: There will be three periods in any event: (1) The period of preparation for the action; (2) The moment of the action itself; (3) The portion of time which follows the deed.

It is easily comprehensible to everybody that the danger of discovery is the greater the more numerous the number of people or the deed which constitutes the deed. When a deed is decided upon, let a comrade be selected in the usual way, who does not live at the place of "action."

Whoever is selected and willing to execute the deed must put the question to himself, and answer it to the satisfaction of his comrades, as well as his own, whether he is able or not to carry out the action by himself. If he gives perfect assurance of sufficient means, means and resolution to perform the deed singly, let him alone. But if that is not the case let him look with the greatest care for just as many followers as he must absolutely have—no more, no less.

Let there be no discussion of the deed in groups, for useless debates develop, and the danger of discovery is enhanced. Let the comrades or comrades observe perfect silence. If there is any talk, then the thing is at once hung upon a great bell, and it would soon reach the ears of "the men who hear the grass grow and the flies buzz." "Pass the selected man possess the deed as heart?" "Has the formation of the plan been perfected?" "Is the manner of execution clearly understood?" These answers in the affirmative, then let "action" follow with the greatest possible swiftness.

Let there be no delay, for now you move within the scope of the greatest danger, for you may be detected; you may have committed treason or conspiracy and may be apprehended before you have an opportunity of reaping the precious fruit of your design. So, let us repeat, when these points are settled strike without delay.

FOUR BLACK CATS.

Brought Boundless Pleasure of Anticipation, but That Was All.

"We are more or less superstitious when it comes to black cats," said a well known young man about town, "and I was one of the firmest believers in the black cat and good luck superstition in Washington until a few days ago."

I had got tired of doing the same thing in my department over and over every day in the year, and being a member of one of the learned professions, I decided to attempt to secure a transfer to another department where my training could be put to advantage to myself and incidentally to the government.

I am from a state where the senior senator is a power in state and national politics, a man almost unapproachable by reason of his prominence, but who is personally one of the staunchest of friends to his friends and whose recommendation usually carries, as it is seldom given. I happen to be one of his friends.

Next to myself, the person most interested in my ambition was my sweetheart. One night about a month ago on our return from the theater on her doorstep sat a jet black cat with a white star on its breast. The cat followed us into the house in the most friendly manner, refused to go out until it was time for my departure and then followed me to the sidewalk. My best girl in a rhapsody of delight declared that it was ordained by the stars that I was to get my appointment.

Two or three days later, on the eve of my departure for the great and wicked city which is my home, I stepped into a restaurant on Eleventh street for lunch. A cat as black as ink, with a white star on its breast, came in the door, walked right up to my table and remained there until I finished my meal. When I told my sweetheart about the cat's visit when I saw her that evening, she had another spasm of delight, saying that defeat for me was impossible.

I left for home about two weeks ago, and on the very first night of my arrival, as I was leaving the hotel, a big black cat with a white star on its breast came out of the cafe and rubbed its arched back against my shins. I returned at once to the writing room and wrote my girl about it. I received by return mail a letter of eighteen closely written pages explaining that with the third black cat thus thrust in my pathway my appointment was inevitable and that she could hardly contain her joy.

"On the day before I was to see the senator I stopped on Broadway for lunch. I was almost paralyzed with delight when the fourth black cat came up to my table and purred about my feet in the most friendly manner."

"Need I tell you that the senator was kind and gracious and himself lauded my ambition to get up in the line of my chosen profession? Need I say that the endorsements of my district leader and of his party and who is a power in professional friends were literally thrown at my head? Need I say that my sweetheart wrote me an eighteen page double lined letter every day telling me that I couldn't lose? Need I add that everything in the big city I wanted came my way? Is it not idle to tell you that one of the great men who directs the councils of his party and who is a power therein united with the senator in an endorsement which, had it been at the beginning of the administration, ought to have given me an assistant secretaryship and personally wished me luck?"

"And need I tell you that the cabinet officer to whom I presented my papers frankly told me that having no places vacant, he could not give me one; that I had my trouble for my pains and that the four black cats threw me down hard, and my sweetheart's nose and eyes were so red from weeping that she couldn't go to the theater and that I have for disposal the strongest set of endorsements which can be picked up on Pennsylvania avenue in an hour's walk?"—Washington Star.

HONEY AND BEESWAX.

Where They Are Produced and Where Much Beeswax Goes.

Keeping bees is a pleasant and classic occupation, sanctioned by poets in all ages; moreover, and to the practical moderns, it is a source of profit. Those of us who are engaged in business when scientifically conducted. The number of beekeepers in this country is estimated at about 300,000, and they sell annually some 3,000,000 or 4,000,000 pounds of their sweet produce.

In every state of the Union they may be found, but Florida, Texas, California, Colorado, Arizona, Idaho, Montana, Wisconsin and central and northern New York are the great beekeeping sections. Wherever great quantities of basswood, buckwheat and, of course, clover, are found, there beekeeping means a pretty good income. Some bee farmers have 1,500 to 3,000 colonies under their care and have reduced the business to a pretty exact science.

In Colorado, Arizona and states in the neighborhood of the great desert the honey "crop" is as sure as anything can be well, even the proverbial "death and taxes." Elsewhere the clover crop may be ruined by rain or drought, but there the sun is sure to shine and the canals are sure to irrigate, so that the loss of clover is practically impossible. And it is alfalfa, clover, too, of which four crops are certain every year. Under these conditions it is not surprising to find in Arizona and similar states whole counties keeping bees as in other parts of the country people cultivate flowers. It is, in fact, the only certain thing in that ill-favored land, as the alfalfa clover is the one green thing that can coax a livelihood out of inhospitable soil.

Maeterlinck has written a book about the bee. Perhaps some philosopher will one day arise to sing the praises of the clover, living where nothing else can grow, and, alone of all weeds, enriching the soil with its life. Arizona folk may not be philosophers, but they are properly grateful to the kindly blossom.

If the story of the clover is somewhat romantic, that of the beeswax is hardly less so. Several hundred thousand pounds of beeswax are produced every year, and prices are steady and conservative. Much of it goes into confectionery, soap, shoe polish, dentures, and place uses. Shoemakers, dentists, thread manufacturers and the like use much of it and cannot use anything in its place; glassworkers, too, require it for molding purposes, but the interesting part of the beeswax business comes when it is exported to Russia. The Greek church candles, this apparently, is an ecclesiastical law. So beeswax is exported in enormous quantities to burn in Russian churches. When the price is low, all that can be procured is bought up for exportation. It is distinctly an interesting career, this of the beeswax, beginning with the irrigation of the desert and ending as the candle flicker before an eastern shrine.—New York Tribune.

THE QUEER CHINAMAN.

His left hand is the place of honor. He carries a pig instead of driving him. He whittens instead of blackens his shoes.

His favorite present to a parent is a coffin. He says sixths-four instead of four sixths. He keeps out of step in walking with others.

He shakes his own hands instead of his friend's.

He puts on his hat in salutation when we take it off.

He prefers a wooden rather than a feather pillow.

He rides with his heels instead of his toes in the stirrups.

He deems it polite to ask a casual caller's age and income.

His long nails are not a sign of dirtiness, but respectability.

His visiting card is eight and sometimes thirty inches long.

He often throws away the fruit of the melon and eats the seeds.

This custom often brings a title not to himself, but to his ancestors.

THE CONTAGION OF CANCER.

Rooms Become Tainted and Transmitted the Disease.

The theory that the disease of cancer may through certain media prove itself infectious is one which is meeting with considerable attention in non-medical as well as in medical circles, and the conviction is gradually spreading that houses and more particularly individual rooms may become infected with the germs of this fearful malady.

Specific instances are constantly being cited in support of such an assumption, and one of the most telling which at present has come before our notice is that of two women contracting the disease after occupying a house wherein four or five years previously a cancer patient had died.

The remarkable part of this story is that a third lady who had resided in the house between these two tenancies also developed the illness after an interval of close upon two years.

To learn whether such instances are commonly recognized in the medical profession or whether they are merely isolated examples to which no particular importance may be attached a reporter visited several cancer specialists.

At the Cancer hospital in Fulham road the authorities were reticent on the subject.

"I believe," observed the house surgeon cautiously, "that cancer is not regarded as contagious in medical circles."

A well known specialist, however, who has devoted many years to an exhaustive study of the subject was more inclined to waive the professional etiquette which disallows a conversation with a layman upon matters medical.

"I should be only too pleased," he said, "if this matter received the attention at the hands of the public which it undoubtedly deserves. For my own part I am fully convinced that cancer, without being essentially a contagious disease, may under certain circumstances prove itself infectious. Whether this view is generally entertained I am not prepared to state. Nevertheless I have no hesitation in asserting that before many years have passed precautionary measures will be adopted in the case of cancer patients, as they undoubtedly will in the case of consumptives."

"There is nothing at all remarkable in the instances you refer to. Only a few weeks back my attention was directed to the case of a young and apparently healthy girl who developed cancerous troubles after sleeping in a room wherein her mother had some years back succumbed to the disease. This might possibly be a hereditary case, though the likelihood is considerably discounted by the fact that a third woman who occupied the room also contracted the malady."

"Such instances are becoming far too common to be disregarded. Thorough disinfection would probably be an effective remedy, though it is necessary in the first instance to trace the actual causes of infection."

From a seaside resort comes a report of a family who stayed for a few weeks at a house where a woman had died from cancer about a year previously. A girl who occupied the patient's bedroom subsequently developed cancer, not a trace of which had hitherto existed in the family.—London.

POULTRY POINTERS.

Don't keep hens until they die of old age. Straw is better than hay for nest material.

Hard feed should not be given until the chicks are old enough to eat gravel.

Wood ashes are objectionable for the dust bath because they are too caustic and irritate the skin.

Do not let the drinking fountain stay in one place. More or less water is spilled in drinking, and this soon becomes foul.

Large roosters bred with small hens are apt to produce long legged stock, while small roosters and large hens will give short legs and fine bodies.

When it is desired to have the greatest weight of meat produced with the smallest amount of feed, select the large breeds, Dorking, Cochins or Brahmas.

A young duck will sometimes choke if it has no water to drink when eating. The water must be deep enough to allow the duck to get its head and bill into it.

A low roost has more advantages than a high one. The hens can get off and on easily, tumble foot is avoided, they can be made easily movable, and it will be easier cleaning.

Chicks intended for breeding stock should not be pushed too fast nor overfed. A steady, even development is better, and it is well to remember that the chick is made of what it eats.

Poultry of all kinds will fatten satisfactorily with three weeks of good feeding. The whitest flesh and fat are made by feeding milk warmed and mixed with thick paste, with oatmeal, boiled potatoes and cornmeal.

YOU MAY NEED A WATCH NOW OR IN THE NEAR FUTURE. WE HAVE THEM IN SOLID GOLD AND GOLD FILLED CASES IN PRICES THAT RUN FROM \$10.00 TO \$50.00.

HOURAHAN,

The Jeweler.

Main Street, just below Eagle.

The BOSTON STORE,

Empsall & Hatch

North Adams' Leading Dry Goods Emporium.

SOME DRY GOODS NEWS

WHERE TO SHOP WEDNESDAY

As usual we will give you some new and desirable offerings for Wednesday. Come and see the new goods and get prices.

Something new for skirts in a Herrington cheviot, 54 inches wide in navy blue, only \$1.25 yard.

Just arrived this morning, a new material for capes, in tans, reds, blacks and blues. It is 56 inches wide and very desirable.

The latest for shirt waists is Albatross. Mummy cloth and flannels all tucked ready to be made into waists. It comes in handsome shades. Ask to see it.

In underwear for ladies and children in all places, Jersey ribbed, wool and cashmere.

Ladies flannelette night robes, 50, 55 and \$1.25. Children's Jersey ribbed sleeping garments at 25 cents.

The best line of suits, skirts and coats to be found in this section. New goods arriving daily.

Hosiery in all grades from 10 cents up. Knit shawls, capes and fascinators at all prices. A very large assortment of popular prices. Corsets in all the leading makes, in all sizes and shapes from 50 cents up.

Come and see the new goods

The late styles are all here

Popular prices all over the store

PERHAPS

YOU MAY NEED A WATCH NOW OR IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

WE HAVE THEM IN SOLID GOLD AND GOLD FILLED CASES IN PRICES THAT RUN FROM \$10.00 TO \$50.00.

HOURAHAN,

The Jeweler.

Main Street, just below Eagle.

J. T. Mulcare's

BIG CORNER SHOE STORE.

New Goods --- New Fixtures --- New Furniture.

Lady's Shoes

The goods I need

not mention the best

--the same as always,

but more of them.

Special attention is

called to a new line

of Lady's perfection

shoes. Box calf enam-

el and patent leather.

Goodyear welt--Union

Label, direct from one

of the best manufactur-

ers of Lady's shoes

in New England.

J. T. Mulcare

BIG CORNER SHOE STORE.

23 and 25 MAIN ST., And 2 MARSHALL ST

Men's Shoes.

Vici, box calf, pa-

tent leather and en-

TONIGHT'S EVENTS

Empire theater—York state folks.
Columbia theater—Crawford's claim.
Casino—Bowling match between Pittsfield and North Adams.
City council meeting.
Ladies aid society of Universalist church meets.
Hoosac lodge, N. E. O. P., whist.
Shoppers' union meets.
Congo lodge meets.
Baptist Y. P. U. meets.
Epworth league meets.
St. Jean Baptiste society meets.
Companions of the Forest meet.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE

—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Brown of Bingham avenue last night.
—A daughter was born this morning to Mr. and Mrs. Reuben T. Kent, 14 Clark block.
—The monthly meeting of the Blackinton F. M. T. A. society will be held this evening.
—Miss May Slade entertained the Chapin club at her home on Brooklyn street last evening.
—A marriage license has been granted to George Fayot and Louise C. Waltz, both of this city.
—The ladies of the Baptist church will serve a supper Wednesday evening from 5 to 7 o'clock.
—The plumb line union elected delegates last night to fill two vacancies in the building trades council.
—The election returns will be read at the presentation of "Crawford's claim" at the Columbia this evening.
—The Jolly Time club will hold a whist party at the home of Miss Agnes Ryan, 65 Hathaway street, this evening.
—Auxiliary No. 1, A. O. H., will hold a special meeting Wednesday evening in Division 4 hall. All members are requested to be present.
—Miss Maud Harriman of this city and R. M. Sanford of Schenectady, N. Y., were married at Albany October 30. They will reside at Schenectady.
—The summer street paving was gouted this afternoon, and the section of the street that has been paved will be closed for ten days to allow the grouting to harden.
—Uniform rank, Division 4, A. O. H., held its regular drill last night. The division will hold a special meeting Wednesday evening to prepare for the new degree work on Sunday.
—The clerks' union initiated three new members into the union last night, and decided to hold a series of dances on the third Monday of each month, the first one being held November 13.
—Frederick D., the 15-years-old son of Mrs. Nancy White of 56 Bracewell avenue, died yesterday of diphtheria, and the burial took place this afternoon. The family have much sympathy in their affliction.
—Charles Arthur, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur L. Jones of 21 Sperry avenue, died yesterday. The funeral was held at the house this afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. J. H. Spencer officiating, and the burial was in Hillside cemetery.
—A committee of the Rathbone Sisters will meet Friday evening at the home of Mrs. Lucy Rouse on Summer street to begin the work of piecing a silk bed quilt. When the work is done the quilt will be raffled off at a reception and social to be given at Pythian hall.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Miss Anna Buckley, a student in the Bliss business college, has accepted a position as public stenographer in the Wellington.

Civil Court Resumes Tomorrow

The October term of the civil superior court will be resumed tomorrow, when jury cases will be taken up. It is expected that the session will last between three and four weeks. The short trial list for tomorrow was published in Saturday's Transcript.

OBITUARY

Mrs. Joseph Barcomb
Maude, wife of Joseph Barcomb, died this morning at her home, 19 River street, aged 19 years. She had been sick but a few weeks. Mrs. Barcomb had numerous friends, all of whom will regret her death and sympathize with the afflicted husband. Besides her husband she leaves a child three months old. The funeral will probably be held Thursday morning.

Will Favor Dr. Greer

St. Stephen's church of Pittsfield of which Rev. M. Nickerson is pastor, elected its delegates yesterday to the diocesan convention at Springfield the 19th. While the delegates are unpicked, it is understood that they will favor Rev. Dr. Greer of New York, for bishop. Rev. Mr. Nickerson, who was a candidate for a time, seems to be at the head of the movement for Dr. Greer.

Special Program at Arcanum Meeting

Berkshire council, Royal Arcanum, initiated two candidates last night and received one application, besides doing important business in the way of council work. The attendance was unusually large, and after the business meeting an informal social was held. A short musical program was rendered by John Heywood, Maurice Phillips, F. W. Reed and a male chorus, and Dr. C. W. Wright gave a reading. The two bowling teams chosen from members of the organization, which are to bowl a match game next Friday night, were announced.

Meeting of Garfield Division

Only routine business was done at the regular meeting of Garfield division, Sons of Temperance, last night. At the conclusion of business there was a short entertainment program for the good of the order, which included an accordion solo, by Frank Adams, a reading by Miss Florence Bliss, a reading by Frank Maynard, songs by Mr. Oberg and Mrs. Frank Adams and a recitation by Miss Lillie Blake. The division is preparing to give a dramatic entertainment about Thanksgiving time, but the production to be presented has not yet been decided upon.

MR. WALKER RESIGNS

As Superintendent of Berkshire Electric Company, Frank Beardsley His Successor

C. C. Walker has resigned as superintendent of the Berkshire Electric company to take charge of construction work for the Boston electric company. Mr. Walker learned the business with this company, for which he worked for eight years before coming to this city six years ago to take the position which he now resigns. He has handled the business of the Berkshire company with great satisfaction to the company and its patrons, and has gained many friends in the city who regret his departure. He expects to close his work here Friday night and to leave at once for Boston. He will be succeeded as superintendent of the Berkshire company by Frank Beardsley of this city, who has worked for the company seven or eight years, and who is a very capable man.

May Give Same Lecture

The contract for a lecture by General Gordon, who, as stated in this paper Saturday, is to be heard here November 27, was signed yesterday. It is very likely that it will be decided to have him give "The last days of the confederacy," which is the lecture he delivered when here before. There are many who did not hear him on that occasion who will want to hear him when he comes again, and those who did hear him would probably be as well pleased to hear the lecture repeated as to hear either of the other lectures which the general delivers.

Taken to Northampton

Mrs. Fred Tower of Florida mountain, whose insanity was reported in this paper Saturday, was brought to this city Sunday afternoon by Sheriff Frink and placed in the police station. Contrary to expectations, she came quietly and the officer had no trouble with her. The woman has been very violent at times, smashing the furniture and threatening the lives of her children. She was taken to Northampton by Sheriff Frink yesterday afternoon, and gave the officers a lot of trouble in getting her on the train.

Leon Hosford Expected Tomorrow

Word has been received in this city that Leon Hosford, who has been serving in the Philippines for two years, landed at San Francisco a week ago today. His relatives expect that he will arrive in this city tomorrow, and his sister, Mrs. Harold Foys of Clinton, has joined the rest of the family here to welcome him at his homecoming.

Musical Services at St. John's

St. John's choir will give a series of musical services during the coming winter, the first one having been set for Sunday night. The choir has given these services for the past few years, and they have been much enjoyed by the large congregations that have attended.

STAMFORD

Mrs. Ella Ward of California has been visiting her cousin, Mrs. A. H. Fuller.

Truman Canedy of North Adams, a veteran lumberman, is putting in a saw mill on the property formerly owned by the Richmond Iron company. Part of the coal kilns buildings will be used and such additions built as are needed. Mr. Canedy has secured quite a large amount of timber on west hill and the establishment of the mill will add to the business in that part of the town.

Miss M. E. Gordon of Plainville Ct. is spending a short time with her sister, Mrs. A. H. Fuller.

Z. E. Kemp of Savoy is visiting his brother, Z. W. Kemp for a few days. Miss Grace Bryant of North Adams spent Sunday with her aunt, Mrs. S. D. Blood.

The ladies of the Baptist church will serve a chicken pie supper in the church dining-room Friday evening at 6.30.

Mrs. Linnie Green of Adams was in town Sunday as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Leonard.

CHARLEMONT

John Davenport and sons of Davis mine captured eleven coons and eight hedge hogs last week.

G. H. Bixby has finished Odd Fellows hall. It is an ornament to the town. The expectation is that the hall will be dedicated and the lodge initiated November 20.

The grange will be instituted November 11.

Roberts Harver's lecture tonight. Miss Mary Fuller, aged 92 years, was buried from the home of her nephew George, Fuller, Saturday, Rev. A. B. Tyler officiating.

Rev. G. H. Pratt preached his last sermon in town Sunday from the text Hebrews 5:5. One new member was received on profession of faith.

The ladies aid society of the Methodist church will have a social at E. R. Goodnow's Friday afternoon and evening.

Charles Lees and mother have moved to the Will Warren tenement—the old Charles Dudley Warren place.

Floyd B. Watson has severed his connection with the Charlemont creamery. He has been in the employ of T. M. Totman for 10 years.

CHESHIRE

A loan exhibition and social under the auspices of the ladies of the Universalist church is being held at Mrs. R. A. Burget's this afternoon and evening.

There are unclaimed letters in the postoffice for Henry Ebert, Mrs. Charles Clark, John Dwyer, Henry House and Joseph Foley.

The W. C. T. U. meet this week at the home of Mrs. Henry Davis.

ELECTION TODAY

Light Vote in All the Wards and Very Little Election Excitement

TOTAL VOTE OF LESS THAN 3000

Is Likely. Some Indications of Probably Outcome. Goodrich Running Well, Childs Poorly, and Others are Bunched. Adams and Williamstown Voting

This is election day, but save for the closing of the saloons and small groups of workers and spectators about the places, there are few indications of it. North Adams never becomes so excited over an election as to have scenes of disorder as in some of the big cities but as a rule there is more show of excitement and interest than is anywhere evident today.

There has been from the first no show of interest in the state election or any contest on purely party lines. The five cornered representative contest has interested the friends of the several candidates, however, in a campaign that is largely personal, and it is the only contest in which the citizens have any uncertainty as to the outcome. In all other cases North Adams only wants to know the size of the majority.

The voting this morning started very slowly, and there was not much show of interest until the noon hour. At 1 o'clock the vote in most of the wards averaged about 75 less than last year at the same time.

The Transcript took the number of votes cast in five of the wards at 1 o'clock. The record was as follows: Ward 1, 198; ward 2, 253; ward 3, 309; ward 4, 275; ward 5, 287.

The total votes cast in wards 6 and 7 at 1.45 were 315 and 348 respectively. This makes a total of 1985, and would indicate a vote of less than 3000 for the whole city today.

It is almost impossible at 2 o'clock to get any reliable indication of the probable outcome of the representative contest. Republicans believe their candidates are going to win, and there seems to be little reason for thinking otherwise, but each of the democrats has confident supporters, and there are still a few confident Childs backers.

But the feature of the day has been the general dropping on all sides of Childs as a possible winner. The number that really figures him out a winner is very small.

Officers at the Polls

The officers detailed to keep order at the different polling places were as follows: Ward 1, Horan; ward 2, Pierce Walsh; ward 3, N. J. Walsh; ward 4, Wyman ward 5, Boliveau; ward 6, Goodrow; and ward 7, Whitney.

Results of the Count

The counting of the ballots began in the several wards at 2 o'clock and as usual where the counting is carried on in the same room with the election the spectators heard some of the results and began to figure on chances.

Reports from wards 4 and 6 one of these being democratic and one republican ward indicate that Goodrich is leading by a slight margin. In the first hundred votes in ward 6, he was one vote ahead of Huffnagle and Barrington who had the same vote. Card had seven less than the democratic candidates, and Childs was eight behind Card.

In ward 4, in the first 50 votes, Huffnagle lead by five votes over Goodrich. Barrington was one behind Goodrich and Card was low man.

At Adams

It was slow voting in Adams this morning. The polls opened at 7.30 and up to noon only 600 votes had been cast. Representative candidates Fern and Morton were the most active of the workers, and had a number of teams in use.

At Williamstown

At 2 o'clock this afternoon the vote in Williamstown was only 300, which is less than half of the normal vote and less than a third of the largest vote in the town. This afternoon the republican managers began to hustle to get votes in for the purpose of keeping up the town's representation in conventions. The republican representative will probably be elected from the second district.

At Pittsfield

The Pittsfield vote today was extremely light there being very little interest shown in the election.

Mushrooms and Toadstools

The quarterly meeting of the Berkshire historical society will be held in its rooms in the Berkshire atheneum at Pittsfield, Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The paper of the day, by Nathaniel Seaver on "Mushrooms and toadstools," will prove interesting. As the shape of the root is an important feature for identification, they should be gathered with a trowel or knife. Will those who are interested kindly bring specimens on Thursday? All are invited whether members or not.

Sues the Street Railway

The only North Adams case entered at the superior court entry day for November at Pittsfield yesterday was a suit for \$5000 in an action of tort, brought against the Hoosac Valley street railway company by Achilles N. Gelineau of this city, administrator of the estate of Louis Patrie.

For the Thanksgiving Festival

The ladies of St. Francis church held an enthusiastic meeting last evening to begin the work of arranging for the Thanksgiving festival. The general plans were outlined, and the outlook for the success of the occasion is very promising.

Bricklayers Refuse to Work

The bricklayers' union initiated one new member last night. The men who came here from Holyoke and secured work from Cook of Adams, who is on the "unfair" list, agreed not to return to the job this morning.

ANOTHER BOSS TO LEAVE

Oliver Davies, Overseer of Carding at Blackinton, to Go to Oregon

Oliver Davies, for the past 18 years overseer of carding for the Blackinton company, has tendered his resignation to take effect November 15. He is to take a similar position with the Oregon woolen company at Oregon City, Ore., and will leave here on the 15th. During his long residence in Blackinton, Mr. Davies has made numerous friends, being a hale, jolly fellow as well as a first class workman, a master of his profession. The new position is a very important one and it is at a substantial advance in salary that he separates from scenes and friends that he has known for years and who are reluctant to see him go; but all join in wishing him Godspeed and success in his new field. His family will remain in Blackinton for the present.

TONIGHT'S COUNCIL MEETING

Protest of Church Street Residents Will Be Presented This Evening

The city council meeting this evening will be adjourned without transacting any business, probably until next Tuesday evening; but there is one matter of general importance in connection with the meeting. Councilman Rice, chairman of the special committee on new railway franchises, said this morning that the committee has the remonstrance of the Church street residents and that it will be offered in the council this evening. He had nothing to say in regard to any possible report the committee would make. No report will be made tonight.

The filing of the protesting petition will be of special interest because the precious document has been so far carefully guarded from the public.

Woman's Board Meeting Opens

The annual convention of the Woman's board of missions opened in the First church today at Pittsfield and will continue through Wednesday and Thursday. Tomorrow will be given up to a meeting of the delegates. At this meeting the coming sessions will be discussed and credentials inspected. The public meetings will open Wednesday morning and there will be sessions in the afternoon and evening and two sessions Thursday. The capture of Miss Stone will form an interesting topic of discussion during the sessions and will be referred to briefly in the annual report of Miss Childs, secretary. The several reports to be given will all be very interesting and will show that the year just closing has been a successful one in every sense. The session Wednesday evening will be of great interest to the public and some good addresses will be given. As this is the first time that the board has met in Pittsfield no pains will be spared to make the meeting a most successful one.

Largest Night School Attendance

The evening schools opened last night with an attendance of 233 at Drury, 104 at the Houghton school and 48 at the Greylock school, making a total of 385. This was the largest attendance for the opening evening in the history of the night schools, and as many as 425 pupils are expected tonight. Of those who entered last night the number who will take advanced work was larger than usual, while the number of illiterates was smaller than common. Of this last class of pupils a considerable increase is expected.

The Militia Company

Those interested in the formation of a local militia company whenever the opportunity presents were interested in the news in the Transcript yesterday of the troubles of the Greenfield company, and the committee will keep alive to the situation. There is great confidence in this city that if another vacancy occurs in the 22 regiment North Adams will get the prize.

The following is the menu for the 15 cent supper at the Baptist church Wednesday evening.
Escalloped Oysters. Creamed Potatoes. Baked Ham.
White Bread. Brown Bread. Rolls.
Jelly. Pickles. Cabbage Salad.
Assorted Cake.
Ice Cream 10 cents extra.

Y. M. C. A. course reserved seat sale Thursday at Richmond box office at 7 p. m.

NOTICE.

This is to give notice that all persons are hereby forbidden trusting my two sons, Wright and Elvert Labrie on my account as I will pay no bills of their contracting after this date.

MRS. EVA A. LABRIE.
North Adams, November 5.

"The securities of the American Finance and Trust company advertised in another column are being endorsed by the most conservative investors Berkshire county. They can be received in amounts of \$50 up. I will call and explain fully on receipt of a postal.

GEO. W. CHASE.

THREE TO EIGHT THOUSAND MORE to the plot in Devoe's Glue Carriage Paint. Extra weight means heavier body—wears longer. Sold by Alderman & Carlisle.

Y. M. C. A. course reserved seat sale Thursday at Richmond box office 7 p. m.

Election shaves at Wilson barber shop.

SPECIAL NOTICES

RECEIVED TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION. OTHER SPECIAL NOTICES FOUND ON PAGE TWO.

TO RENT—A six room house \$10 per month. Inquire at 32 Frederick st. 235-t

When You Talk About CLOTHES

And the different makes, our advice is come in and see for yourself, handle and try on the H. S. and M. Clothes and see if they are not as nearly perfect as the genius of man can make them.



Hart, Schaffner & Marks
Tailors
Made Clothes

A few months ago the largest clothing firm in New England, the Continental Clothing House in Boston gave up certain so called makes which they had been using and recognizing the superiority of the clothes made by Hart, Schaffner & Marks of Chicago bought largely for their stock of this famous make. Look at what they think of the goods; their ads appear in every Boston paper and they cannot say enough in their praise.

We are selling men H. S. & M. clothes who never had on a ready made garment before. The best tailors cannot beat them in workmanship and yet the price is only a very little above ordinary makes, \$12.00 to 25.00 is the range of price for Suits or Overcoats and everyone reliable.

As we said in another place, see for yourself, your judgment is better than any body's advice.

Barnard & Co.

Blackinton Corner.

THAT HACKING COUGH

Which has troubled you so long can be stopped with a 25c bottle of

Hastings' Family Cough Syrup

A fresh supply just put on counter today and every bottle guaranteed.

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR COUGH

Hastings' Pharmacy

New Richmond Corner.

Improve Your Evenings

and obtain an education by attending the

Bliss Night School.

Special attention given to those with limited education.

Sessions on Monday, Tuesday and Thursday evenings. Visitors are welcome any evenings.

New students can enter either the day or night school at any time.

Telephone 223-13

Carpet and Lace Curtain Sale AT

Tuttle & Bryant's

All this week we shall offer the following inducements. We have cut the price in a very generous way and at the way we are offering them you surely ought to buy now—even for future use.

Just Read Down the List for You Can Surely Save

5 patterns of extra heavy cotton chain carpets, same left as the best ingrain. Always 50c yard, for this week they will be 35c yard

15 patterns of our best all wool carpets. Each roll contains 50 to 75 yards. Our regular 75c grade, for this week they shall be only 55c yard

Better line of rugs here than you will find in the cities. Our leaders are, Smyrna rugs, 30x60, at 1.98 Smyrna rugs, 36x72, at 3.50

Elegant large rugs for dining rooms, sizes 3x4 yards, 27.00 to 37.00.

Art squares all sizes, from 3.49 up.

Lace Curtain Specials

You know there is nothing that will decorate your room as much as Lace or Muslin curtains, and at these prices you surely can decide.

Nothingham Curtains, 45c pr. Frilled Muslin 34c pr. " " 79c pr. " " 98c pr.

Best values in Scotch Lace Curtains you ever knew at \$2, 2.25 and 2.50. Why, any pair of them are worth 3.00

Irish Point Curtains, 4 kinds at 3.98 pr. 3 kinds at 4.50 pr. 7 kinds at \$5, and patterns and qualities at 6.50 that will surprise you

Straight edge curtains, 2.75, 3.00, 3.50 and 4.00

Bobbinets 1.12, 1.98, 2.25 pr

Lot of remnants for rugs just arrived.

Turkish rugs last forever, 7.50 to \$98.

Be sure to acquaint yourself with these bargains.

Especially Good Values

In Hanging Lamps, with brass and wrought iron frames, and with Etched, Pink and Ruby Globes.

\$1.75, \$2.25, \$2.75 and up to \$5.50

Parlor Lamps in great variety.

J. B. SPRULL,

—Importer and Retailer—

Hoosac Savings Bank Block, 97 Main Street. Telephone 223-3

Carpet Cleaning and Bed Renovating.

Clark & Brown, Sanitary LAUNDRYMEN.

Our Announcements: NO. 2—We announce that we have the best paid workmen and the largest pay roll of any laundry in the city.

Telephone 104-4.

Office 28 Holden Street

We are in Adams and Williamstown, Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays. Orders solicited.

"TWO GOOD ONES"

The Cascade Cigar, 5c Straight \$4.00 per 100

The C. and P. Cigar, 10c, \$6.50 per 100.

T. M. CALNAN, Manufacturer, 49 Eagle St.

TINKER & RANSFORD,

Fire, Life, Accident Insurance. Steamship tickets on all lines

Adams National Bank Building

North Adams, Mass

FINNAN HADDIES

This week another fine lot, also Kipperd Herrings. Our fresh fish supply is as follows:

Smelts, Salmon, Halibut, Fresh Herrings, White Fish, Flounders, Sea Trout, Cod and Haddock. Providence River Oysters, "Solid Meats." Scallops, extra fine. Lobsters, Quahaugs, Soft Shell Clams, Little Necks and Blue Points.

Don't forget our fish is all dressed ready to use.

"The Old Reliable"

Saunders & Ropes

Tel: 228-12. 5 Eagle St.

It Feels Good Clear Around You

Evans' Adjustable Trouser Waists

Invented and Manufactured by

WALTER S. EVANS, 46 State Street,



Enameline

BIGGER BOX SAME PRICE

THE MODERN STOVE POLISH

Brilliant, Clean, Easily Applied, Absolutely Odorless.

LIQUID BETTER YET! FIRE PROOF!!

WILLIAMSTOWN

IS THIS ELECTION DAY?

No Evidence of It Early This Morning and no Interest Shown at Any Time. Ministerial Candidate Here.

It was a fortunate thing that some one kept track of the calendar and knew that today was election day, for otherwise the day might have passed without the knowledge of Williamstown people. There has been absolutely no interest in the campaign in Williamstown and today there was little to indicate that there had been any change. This has not been wholly due to the fact that Williamstown has no candidates in the field; the harmony in the republican party has kept the political waters without a ripple so far as that side is concerned; and there has been nothing in the ranks of the democratic party to stir up any strife. The presence in town of Rev. Mr. Palmer, the democratic nominee for representative was noted yesterday. A rather clean-cut, pleasant appearing man, with some of the ministerial air about him, is the impression left. He met many of the leading democrats and talked over the situation. He comes from Lanesboro, where he is pastor of the Episcopal church.

A REPORTED ELOPEMENT.

Young People Leave Town Suddenly and Before Going Say They Were Going to be Married.

William Palmer, who drives the feed team of P. W. Eaton & Co., and Miss Whitney, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey Whitney, left town Sunday night and before going they told several friends that they were going to be married. No word has been received from them since and it is believed that they carried out their plans. The girl is 17 years old and the young man some years older.

The young couple were driven to the 9.08 express west Sunday night by a friend of Palmer, to whom Palmer told his plans. He said that they were going to Hoots Falls, where the wedding would take place. Miss Whitney left home a short time before the hour the train is scheduled to leave, saying that she was going to the home of a friend.

WILL USE R. R. MACHINE SHOP.

Chauncey Mitchell, foreman of the engine department of the Boston & Maine railroad in Mechanicville, N. Y., has been in the local yard the past two or three days setting up a drilling machine in the machine shop and getting the stationary engine in the shop in running order. This of course, means that the machine shop is to be used and that engines will be repaired here. The shop has been running only a few times since the acquisition of the road by the Boston & Maine but it is hoped that the company has decided to use it permanently.

ENLARGING ITS PLANT.

The Rich Press is enlarging its plant by putting in an 18-horse power boiler. A dynamo will also be put in and the shop and home of the proprietor, Lamont Rich, will be lighted by electricity. A storage battery will be used and electricity stored during the time that the engine is running. Mr. Rich will also heat his house with steam carried from the boiler.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR A BALL.

Gale hose company met Monday evening and made arrangements for a social and ball, which the company will give in the over-house Thanksgiving eve. A committee consisting of Chief Pease, Fred White, Henry Royal and Samuel H. Roberts was appointed to take charge of the arrangements and it was voted to have Porter's orchestra. The grand march will begin at 9 o'clock and will be preceded by a short concert program. The dance program will last until 4 o'clock Thanksgiving morning. Refreshments will be served in the hose rooms.

HIGH SCHOOL MATTERS.

A meeting of high school pupils was held Monday afternoon to consider a proposition made by a lecturer to give a series of lectures in high school hall to raise money to defray the graduation expenses. The matter was thought favorably of and a committee was appointed to make further investigation into the plan.

Mr. and Mrs. Lamont Rich returned to their home on Southworth avenue after a visit with Mrs. Rich's parents in North Adams.

Eugene Goodell has returned from Toronto, Ont., where he worked during the summer.

A joint meeting of the hospital committee and the King's daughters of St. John's church will be held Friday evening for the purpose of making arrangements for a social which will be given in the parish house November 15th. The meeting Friday evening will be held in the parish house.

Mr. and Mrs. Dudley Olcott of Albany, N. Y. have been spending a few days with relatives in town.

Anthony Menckel of New York, Al. R. Packard of Ogdensburg, N. Y., and Richard Lord of New York city have been visiting college friends in town the past few days.

Mrs. Flora Longfellow Turknett has been suddenly called to Pittsfield by the critical illness of her friend, Mrs. Edwin Clapp.

WHEN GRANDMA WAS A GIRL. Her mother gave her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills when she had a cold or cough, whooping cough, or croup. It was the best medicine known then, and it is the best now. Seventy years of cure has established its merits. Sold everywhere and money back if it does not cure.

CASTORIA
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Williams*

DON'TS FOR THE TABLE.

Don't eat too fast.
Don't eat too much.
Don't eat between meals.
Don't drink tea with meat.
Don't eat fish with a knife.
Don't drink much at meals.
Don't eat with a spoon.
Don't overdecorate the table.
Don't serve oysters after fish.
Don't eat much for breakfast.
Don't drink when overheated.
Don't bite off a piece of bread.
Don't eat after 10 o'clock p. m.
Don't eat much when traveling.
Don't serve bacon without toast.
Don't eat too soon after exercise.
Don't always drink when thirsty.
Don't serve asparagus with meat.
Don't use a knife for green salads.
Don't eat everything that you like.
Don't drink coffee as a laxative.
Don't drink ice water with hot food.
Don't drink water from a city river.
Don't serve soup twice to any guest.
Don't eat boiled eggs from a tumbler.
Don't scold the servant at the table.
Don't eat anything that you don't like.
Don't serve hot entrees on cold plates.
Don't eat to please anybody but your self.
Don't serve boiled fish without potatoes.
Don't overload the table or the guest with food.
Don't serve more than two vegetables with one meat.
Don't use strong scented flowers for table decorations.—What to Eat.

An Inference.

"The Binkses must buy everything on the installment plan."
"What makes you think so?"
"I heard Jimmy Binkses ask his father whether their new baby would be taken away if they couldn't keep up the payments."

STEPPED INTO LIVE COALS.

"When a child I burned my foot frightfully," writes W. H. Eads, of Jonesville, Va., "which caused horrible leg sores for 30 years, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured me after everything else had failed." Infallible for Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Sores, Bruises and Piles. Sold by Burlington & Darby, 25c.

MILK IN LEIPSIK

The Methods Used in That City to Protect Its Purity.

"I was talking to a man from Leipzig recently about the system of milk inspection in that city," said a well known New Orleans specialist, "and I am convinced that they have the best system in the world, and in my judgment American cities would do well to copy it. They unquestionably succeed in getting pure milk, and there does not seem to be much chance for spreading disease in this way. In Leipzig they are very careful. Stables must be kept clean. The person who keeps cows must be experienced in the business. They are particularly careful about the cows that give milk used in feeding children. In order that no mistake be made the rules governing the dairy business require the cows to be branded. The rules provide for an injection of tuberculin lymph, and the cows must be healthy and must show no reaction after the injection. This injection takes place before the cow is placed in the stable. If a cow should happen to get sick, the fact must be immediately reported, and the veterinary surgeon who has charge of this matter reports the case to the council. The sick cow is generally isolated. This matter, however, is discretionary; with the surgeon who superintends the business. The veterinary surgeon has such complete supervision of these matters that he can even pass on the food given to the cows and can reject any part or all of it if he pleases. "But there is another point. The person who does the milking must furnish a physician's certificate to the effect that he or she is free from infectious or malarious disease, and tuberculosis is especially mentioned in the rules. The milk is strained and centrifugally purified and must be thoroughly cooled before it is served to the customers. If the milk is sold in bottles, patent stoppers are used. All these requirements have more particular reference to the milk furnished babies. There is one thing probably more important than any other in this connection, and that is in the matter of food. Cows which give the milk used in nourishing babies are given only dry food, such as hay or straw, and they are never allowed to graze on pastures. They must be kept in the stables, and in this way the healthiest and purest milk possible is served to the infants of the country."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Williams*

SURVEYS IN CHINA.

British Taking Steps to Learn More About the Interior.

Captain Hunter and Major Courtney C. Manifold of the Sixth Gurkhas left Peking the other day on the Peking and Hankow railway for Chengtingfu on a surveying expedition, says the New York Sun. They will record the distances between various points and the character of the country south to the Yangtze, about which little is now known. From the southern point they will go east to the sea. Major Manifold will then go to Szechuen and afterward to Burma.

These expeditions are part of the British intelligence service, which has been most active during the past year. They were instituted principally because it was discovered during the expeditions for the relief of the legations that the information in regard to the country was very inaccurate.

The Ant's Brain.

The brain of the ant has been the interesting subject of recent study by Professor Ford, the Swiss zoologist. This organ is well developed in the workers, smaller in the females and merely rudimentary in the males. The insects have the senses of sight, smell, touch and taste, hearing being doubtful. The ants are endowed with memory and reasoning powers, and in their warfare it is easy to see their courage, their despair, their ardor for the fray and their personal hatreds.

Great Droughts.

The first great drought on record happened in 678 and the two succeeding years, when, according to the records, there was practically no rainfall in England. 879 the springs in England were dried up, and it was impossible for men to work in the open air. In 933 and 934 the nuts on the trees were "roasted as if in a oven."

The System Is Kept

in a healthy condition by the use of Carlsbad Sprudel Salt. It cleanses the system effectually, purifies the blood and aids the organs in their functions.

Carlsbad Sprudel Salt

is a positive cure for constipation, catarrh of the stomach, liver and kidney complaints, gouty and rheumatic conditions, etc.

Every bottle of genuine imported CARLSBAD SPRUDEL SALT has the signature of Eisner & Mendelson Co., N. Y. Sole Agents, on neck label. Beware of imitations.

HALF HOUR'S DAILY READING.

No Influence in Helping a Man to Grow Old Gracefully.

It is a curious fancy that education is a thing to acquire in a lump and have done with as soon as possible, as if it were measles. In nine cases out of ten the child leaves scholastic associations on leaving school. When the graduates, in white dresses or their best coats, are reading essays on the art of government and the relation of the passages in the pyramids to the astronomical theories of the Chaldeans, it would seem to a sympathetic observer as if the work of the school had just begun. It is too bad that in many cases it not only ceases, but that the scholar goes backward. This does not mean simply that he forgets what he has been taught, for much that we go through in schools is for training, not remembrance; but he forgets the influences that have surrounded him, forgets the lessons of history he has learned, forgets to follow those subjects which have been to him sources of pure pleasure and profitable research.

One does not do so when he enters the business world with a fixed purpose. He knows that his preparation is never complete, that he must always study, examine and inquire, that he could not know all that is to be known of a subject if his lifetime were doubled. That man confides by nature in the knowledge he has acquired; that he no longer longer address himself with energy and interest to new subjects, for such a man has come to the end of his life, even though the day of his death may be far distant.

After falling into business habits not one person in a thousand tries to fall out of them. The easy way is the usual way, though it is not always the way of the higher profit. If one were to take but half an hour out of the twenty-four hours of a whole hour would be little enough for profitable reading—he would before long be master of a theme and would be a man of note in his specialty. He could command a language or a science or an art and double his usefulness and happiness. And that is the main thing, to increase content. There is a mean satisfaction in stagnation, but there is a high satisfaction in the knowledge that we are of use to our fellows and that our work is not in vain.

We can then associate with our seniors when we are young and with our juniors as our hair grows gray; for as we age our minds will broaden instead of harden, our views and sympathies will grow warmer and mellow and our place in the world will be higher than if we had merely dropped our books at the end of school.

Michael Angelo carried his books with him so long as he could read and spoke of himself as a schoolboy. Newton said that his great discovery was but a single pebble on the shore of the ocean of truth. We who are not Angelos or Newtons can at least copy their example and at the end we may, through our humble, unwatched studies, give to the world some fact, some thought, some fancy that will fix itself in the memories of a generation to come and will make us the happier that we have done it the result of living.—Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post.

A Diplomatic Soldier.

According to the Paris Figaro, it was at Compiegne that the king of Rome, "The Eagle," granted the first petition that was presented to him. He had reached the mature age of six months when an old soldier who had already received many favors from the emperor decided that he wanted more and thought it would be a good scheme to address his petition to the heir to the throne and thus work on Napoleon's sympathies. He addressed his petition to his majesty, the king of Rome. Napoleon smiled when he read the address and ordered the Duke of Brioul to take the paper to the king and read it to him. This was done with due solemnity and state, and the duke returned to the emperor.

"What did his majesty say?" asked Napoleon.

"Nothing," replied the duke.

"Silence gives consent," said the emperor. "See that this oldascal of a soldier gets what he wants."

Specify Details.

The tramp was very tired and sorely in need of something to devour. He approached a farmhouse and, meeting the farmer's wife, observed:

"Give me something to satisfy the cravings of the inner man and I will kill all the rats about the place."

"Agreed," was the answer.

He was given a good plate of meat and bread, which he consumed speedily, and then asked for the heaviest mallet that could be found. Receiving the club he sat down upon the threshold and said to the farmer's wife:

"Now, bring out your rats."

Moral.—Always have the details specified in a contract.—London Answers.

A Dead Beat With One Entry.

"What's the funniest thing I ever saw?" repeated the gentleman of sporting tendencies. "Well, I guess it was a dead beat in an arena where there was only one entry." "How is the world with that?" came from the other end of the store, and when the answer came, "A cremation," the questioner ordered the cigars.—Philadelphia Press.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Williams*

ROOSEVELT AS A WRITER

Literary Attainments of the New President.

HIS PRODUCTIONS WIDELY READ

First Distinctive Literary Man Since Jefferson to Be the Nation's Chief Executive—Twenty Years a Writer on Historical Subjects and Outdoor Life.

Attention is being directed to President Roosevelt's literary work just now because he is the first man of letters to occupy the presidential chair since Thomas Jefferson, says the New York Sun. Mr. Roosevelt has been a writer for twenty years, or nearly half his life, and his productions have been widely read. It is but natural, however, now that he is at the head of the national government, that a larger proportion of the people should turn to see what their president has done in the world of letters.

His first publication was a historical work. It appeared when he had been only a year out of college. He was graduated from Harvard in 1880, and "The Naval War of 1812; or, The History of the United States Navy During the Last War With Great Britain," by Theodore Roosevelt, was published in New York city in 1882. It will be noticed that his investigations into history, the conduct of navies and warfare were begun in his earliest manhood. The Nation said of his first book:

"The impartiality of the author's judgments and the thoroughness with which the evidence is sifted are remarkable and worthy of high praise."

Mr. Roosevelt's next work, published three years later, was entitled "Hunting Trips of a Ranchman; Sketches of Sport on the Northern Cattle Plains, Together With Personal Experiences of Life on a Cattle Ranch." It was illustrated by A. B. Frost, R. Swain Gifford, J. C. Beard, Fannie E. Gifford and Henry Sandham and was published in 1885 by the Putnam in the Medora Edition, quarto, limited to 500 copies and sold by subscription at \$15. Of the author's work The Nation said:

"His style is simple and devoid of pretense of fine writing, yet his descriptions of scenery are often most eloquent."

In 1887 Mr. Roosevelt wrote the "Life of Thomas Hart Benton" and in the following year "Gouverneur Morris," both duodecimo volumes, published in the American Statesman series by Houghton, Mifflin & Co. at Boston. In the same year another duodecimo volume by him was published by the Putnam under the title "Essays on Practical Politics." It was in the series Questions of the Day. His most important work appearing that year, 1888, however, was "Ranch Life and the Hunting Trail," a folio volume published by The Century company and illustrated by Frederic Remington. The Saturday Review said of this book:

"If it be true that ranching—that is, stock raising on the plains, in its present form, doomed and can hardly outlive the century, all the more grateful ought we to be to Mr. Theodore Roosevelt for having stereotyped its essential features and presented them to us in so attractive a form as the present volume."

The Century company published a new popular edition of this work in 1896, an octavo volume of 186 pages in cloth covers. In the following year the first two volumes of the work which has been called perhaps Mr. Roosevelt's most substantial literary achievement, "The Winning of the West," were issued by the Putnam. The whole work is in five volumes, octavo, with maps. The third volume came out in 1894. Its subtitle is "The Founding of the Transallegany Commonwealths," and it deals with the period from 1784 to 1790. In the preface Mr. Roosevelt says:

"The period covered in this volume includes the seven years immediately succeeding the close of the Revolutionary war. It was during these seven years that the constitution was adopted and actually went into effect, an event, if possible, even more momentous for the west than for the east. The time was one of vital importance to the whole nation, alike to the people of the inland frontier and to those of the seaboard. The course of events during these years determined whether we should become a mighty nation or a mere snarl of weak and quarrelsome little commonwealths, with a history as bloody and meaningless as that of the Spanish-American states."

Mr. Roosevelt's study of the constitution, it will be observed from this, began with its adoption and first workings, and he obtained an early insight into the latent possibilities of the principles of American expansion, which he was later to assist in working out. In the fourth volume, issued in 1896, he was still engaged with this phase of American development. The volume is "Louisiana and the Northwest, 1791 to 1807."

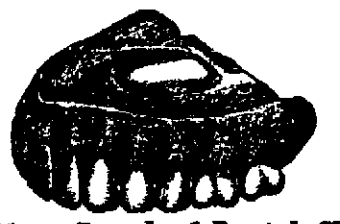
In 1891 Mr. Roosevelt published his "New York" in the Historic Towns series of Longmans, Green & Co. A new edition with a postscript was published in 1895. The work is a volume of 232 pages, duodecimo. Mr. Roosevelt says of it and in it:

"It has been my aim less to collect new facts than to draw from the immense storehouse of facts already collected in New York history and to show their true meaning and their relations to one another; to sketch the workings of the town's life, social, commercial and political at successive periods, with their sharp transformations and contrasts, and to trace the causes which gradually changed a little Dutch trading hamlet into a huge American city."

"The Wilderness Hunter; an Account of the Big Game of the United States and Its Chase With Horse, Hound and Rifle" was published by the Putnam in 1893 in an octavo volume in cloth covers. This book is illustrated by A. B. Frost, J. Carter Beard, Henry Sandham and Frederic Remington, and many of the illustrations are not ideal drawings, but studies of animals which

In every tea market in Europe they will tell you that Chase & Sanborn are the largest distributors of high-grade teas in the world. A cup of their pure tea of the finest quality costs only one quarter of a cent. Every one can afford to drink it. You use very little owing to its great strength. Delivered always in air-tight, moisture-proof packages. It's worth knowing. Try it!

"ORIGINAL PACKAGE" TEAS.
ONION (Formosa Colored).
KOPPELOON (Red, Breakfast).
ORANGE PEAK (India & Ceylon).



No More Dread of Dental TEETH

Extracted and filled absolutely without pain by our late scientific method, patented and used by us only.

NERVOUS PEOPLE and those who dread having their teeth extracted or other work done are earnestly invited to call at our office, where we will demonstrate to your entire satisfaction our claim for

Painless Dentistry.

FULL SET TEETH (that fit).....\$8.00
GOLD FILLINGS.....\$1.00 up
22K GOLD CROWNS.....\$3.00
TEETH WITHOUT PLATE.....\$5.00
SILVER FILLINGS.....\$1.00 up

NO CHARGE for painless extracting when other work is done, and a written guarantee for 20 years with all work.

Dr. Bowers has the reputation of making the most natural looking dentures and the best wearing sets of teeth. No set ever leaves his office until the patient is perfectly satisfied as to its fit and appearance.

DR. BOWERS CO.

Dental Parlors
Largest and finest in New England.
All Examinations Free.

We tell you in advance exactly what your work will cost. Hours, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sun. days, 10 to 12. Ladies' attendant. Telephone 845-18.

76 Main St. Cor. Bank,
North Adams, Mass. Directly opposite Boston Store.

MADAME GAGNON

In now ready for her Fall Sewing, all Latest Styles at her Dress Making Parlors at 101 Cliff Street. Prices from \$4.00 upward.

DOMINION LINE.

To EUROPE
With Safety and Speed.
Average voyage less than 7 days.

Boston to Queenstown and Liverpool
Take one of the Palatial New Twin Screw Steamers sailing from Boston Terminal

NEW ENGLAND, Nov. 6, Dec. 4.
Saloon passage \$30 and upwards; 2d cabin, \$40, 3d class at low rates.

PORTLAND, ME., LIVERPOOL SERVICE
Gambroon, Oct. 25; Vancouver, Nov. 16

Saloon, \$30, 2d Saloon \$35, 3d Class, \$25. For passage, plans and illustrated folder apply to the company's office, 77 State St., Boston, Mass.

Boston and Maine Railroad.

FITCHBURG DIVISION.
From October 23, 1901, trains will run as follows:

Leave North Adams—Eastward.
For Greenfield, a2.15, *5.10, 7.23, 8.49, 11.28 a. m., *1.08, 3.08, 4.52, 6.49 and *2.00 p. m.

For Fitchburg and Boston, a2.15, *5.10, 7.23, 8.49, 11.28 a. m., *1.08, 3.08, 4.52 p. m., *2.00 p. m.

For Worcester, a2.15, *5.10, 8.49 a. m., 1.08, 3.08 p. m.

Leave North Adams westward.
For Williamstown, Hoosick Falls, Troy and Albany, a5.40, 7.57, 9.56 a. m., 12.10, 12.20, 1.53, *2.23, 4.49, *5.08, *9.00, 10.40 p. m.

For New York, a5.40, 7.57, 9.56 a. m., 12.10, 12.20, 1.53, 5.08, 9.00 p. m., and 4.49 p. m.

For Bennington and Rutland, (via B. and R. R.) 7.37 a. m., 1.53 and 4.49 p. m.

For Rotterdam Junction and the west, 1.53, *5.08, *9.00, 10.40 p. m.
For Mechanicville, 7.37 a. m., *5.08, 4.49, *9.00 p. m.

Trains Arrive
From east, a5.35, 7.37, 9.56 a. m., 12.10, 1.53, *2.23, *5.08, 4.49, *9.00, 10.40 p. m.
From west, a2.02, a2.10, *5.10, 7.23, 8.49, 11.28 a. m., *1.08, 1.27, *2.00, 3.08, 6.49, *6.43, 9.00 p. m.
aDaily except Sunday.
aDaily.
*Sundays only.

D. J. FLANDERS,
General Pass and Ticket Agent.

All Shapes.
4 Ply Collars, 8c;
Outlet Clothing House,
72 Main St., No. Adams.
Big Sale Now Going On.

---NEWSPAPERARCHIVE---

Every Item Rechecked.

Most All Druggist Say—Prescriptions Carefully Compounded—Maybe they are careful each one of them. But we are careful two times over. Every prescription brought here goes through the hands of two. The weight and measure of every item is checked off by a second party. When complete it is called back and every item rechecked. When you get your medicine you may be sure that it is absolutely correct, and in strict accord with your doctor's wishes. This extra precaution costs you nothing extra. Try it with your next prescription.



N. B. Tar Santa Compound—will stop your cough—25c—Guaranteed.

EMULSION OF COD LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES

A Tissue and Nerve Forming Food, possessing powerful alterative properties and a valuable respiratory food renewing wasted tissues and supplying nerve energy. Put up in Full Pint Bottles 50 Cents.

AINSLIE'S

Up-To-Date Drug Store Park Street, Adams

Hard Work Made Easy.

Anyone who has ever had to polish a brass business sign knows the hard work that it is and how long it takes. If you would make this kind of work easy try our Bright Star Liquid Polish. It will polish all kinds of metals and the finest lustrous is obtained quickly. Sold in half pint, pint, quart, half gallon and gallon cans at 25c, 50c, 85c, 1.50 and 2.50.

At Riley & Co.'s
Park Street Drug Store.

If you are looking for a home or an investment, it will pay you to inquire into the following REAL ESTATE BARGAINS.

Two-tenement house on East Union street.
House and large lot on Church St.
Cottage on Liberty street and numerous other offers in different parts of the city.

For full particulars call at office of
Wm. H. Bennett,
Office No. 1, Adams National Bank Bldg., Cor. Bank and Main Sts.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

A paste made of soda, pumice stone and chalk cleans marble.
Charcoal is recommended for cleaning the inside of bottles in which milk has soured.

To take ink spots out of mahogany apply spirits of salt with a piece of rag until the ink disappears.
A white cream for greasing kid, patent leather, etc., is made of lard seventy-five parts, glycerin twenty-five parts and mirbane oil and libitum.

To clean a glass decanter chop a large potato into small cubes, put them into the decanter with some warm water and shake rapidly until clean.

A writer who seems to know states that new shoes may be worn as comfortably as old ones if when off the feet they are stuffed to the shape of the foot with cotton or paper and spiced with warm water.

The odor of kerosene may be removed from articles that have been treated with it by first thoroughly airing them and then hanging them in front of the furnace register or any other place where there is a high, safe, dry heat.

To clean dull gold jewelry without removing jewels, etc., and without injuring either the dull gliding or the gem with it, wash with a soft brush moistened in bicarbonate of soda and water to which have been added a few drops of ammonia. Then rinse thoroughly and dry in pure warm sawdust.

The Separate Bedstead.

Now that we know that consumption is a disease communicable from one to another by contact and breathing the air already breathed by the consumptive the hygiene of separate beds ought to receive public recognition. In all bedrooms the heads of the beds should be arranged, then the wall and the ceiling for a space corresponding to the bedstead should be covered with a thick serge, loosely attached to the wall, to prevent the formation of catarrhs of air chilled by the cold wall which will otherwise fall on the sleeper.

The worst of colds are caught in this simple way in the small hours of the morning, and many a fatal case of infantile bronchitis might be prevented by this timely expedient. Remember that for very old or very young people nocturnal variations of temperature are extremely dangerous. For the same reason the bed must not be placed between a badly fitting window and the flue or the doorway.

STRAYED.

Three cows from my pasture at Zylonite. My name marked in their ears. Information regarding them will be rewarded. C. A. Howland, Zylonite, Adams, Mass.

HAVE YOU COUNTED THE DOTS?

The contest for the prizes offered for the most successful counters of the dots in the Transcript contest is becoming more interesting daily and guesses are coming in with every mail. The prizes are so valuable that they are all worth trying for and the conditions are so easy that no one can complain of them.

ADAMS

SUPERINTENDENT WATERS RESIGNS.

His Successor is Appointed and is Captain R. A. Whipple.

After many years of most excellent service, Charles A. Waters, has resigned his position as superintendent of the Adams fire district and his successor is Captain R. A. Whipple. It was the second time that Supt. Waters tendered his resignation to the prudential committee and he earnestly requested that it be accepted. With no alternative the committee accepted the resignation and in so doing the committee and the town will feel that an efficient public servant has been lost. While Mr. Waters may have had peculiarities still no one will doubt his ability or efficiency and it has been said that as superintendent, he saved the fire district many hundreds of dollars by his economic use of what might have been useless material in less capable hands. He was ever attentive to the district's best interests and he retired with all the credit of having been a most worthy official.

Capt. Whipple who is to succeed Supt. Waters needs no introduction to townspeople nor words of commendation. Like his predecessor he is popular and his ability to do outdoor work and manage a force of men has been demonstrated within the past few months while employed by the selectmen on the streets and roads. A large part of the work will not be new to him and he is sure to succeed. Capt. Whipple who is a veteran of the civil war and who has done active service in Cuba and Manila has brought credit to the town, and that he is to be given a public office is worthy of the town's appreciation. However as has been said, he is acquainted with many of the duties of his new position and he will doubtless prove a worthy successor.

Mr. Waters, whose resignation was made necessary owing to his position as superintendent with the Adams Gas Light company, will in the future devote all his time to the interests of that company. The company's business under his management has grown extensively and requires all his time.

C. L. U. MEETING.

The Grievances Against Dean Bros. Were Again Discussed—Conference to Follow.

The regular meeting of the C. L. U. was held Monday evening and it was a long session. The committee which was to report on the organizing of a bricklayers, masons and plasterers union locally, was not ready to make its report. It will be made at an adjourned meeting next Monday evening. The principal discussion last night was over the grievances against Dean Bros. of Cheshire. Despite reports to the contrary, the teamsters claim they are not being paid union wages. A man with his team is only paid \$3.50 per day and the union price is \$4.00. Some of the teams draw stones for Dean Bros. and are paid by the load. It is claimed for these teamsters that they cannot average more than \$3.50 per day. The Dean Bros. have talked on the price of grain and feed and the teamsters say because of this reason the company should raise the wages. The matter was left in the hands of a special committee.

A HIGH SCORE.

Shot by Private Cadigan Wins the Richardson medal Last month.

The gold medal presented by Col. F. S. Richardson to Company M, and regularly contested for each month by the members, was won by Private James C. Cadigan. His scores for the month of October were the best and the total was the second highest thus far made in the contest. His total for a string of six shots was 390 and the best score was 396 made by Capt. Crozier, first winner of the medal. Captain Campbell and Sergeant Hodecker were next to Private Cadigan and had equal scores, the scores were as follows:

Cadigan, 65, 65, 65, 65, 66—390
Campbell, 61, 61, 62, 64, 62—371
Hodecker, 61, 63, 60, 65, 60—321

LOOKING FOR FORGER.

John W. Corkhill Jr., Alleges His Name Forged to Small Checks.

John W. Corkhill Jr., who has a paint and wall paper store on the corner of Hoosac and Columbia streets, alleges that William Schellery, a painter, formerly in Mr. Corkhill's employ, forged his name to two checks of \$5 each. One was on the Greylock and the other on the First National bank, both of this town. Mr. Corkhill says he never had done business at the latter bank. One of the checks is alleged to have been made out and passed here and the other in North Adams. The matter has been reported to the local police who are trying to locate Schellery. It is about two weeks since Mr. Schellery quit working for Mr. Corkhill.

NEW SUNDAY EVENING CLUB COMMITTEE.

The regular meeting of the officers of the Men's Sunday Evening club was held Tuesday evening and new committees to serve during the November services were chosen. The committees are the same as heretofore but are fewer in number. They are as follows: Worship, John Hull, Alexander Morton, and H. O. Hicks; ushers and collectors, A. H. Streeter, D. B. Cook, B. H. Millman, A. W. Safford, H. C. Fife and C. R. Harrington; printing, Peter P. Smith, Lawrence Haworth and C. H. Tower; invitation, W. B. Green, William McLaughlin Jr., and C. E. Benson; decorating, Albert Sims, George Grant, and George Mauser; membership, E. K. McPeck, F. C. Beeler and Mark B. Myers; music, W. B. Plunkett, J. C. Morton and Robert Anthony; social, R. N. Richmond, William Orr Jr., and W. C. Ainslie.

ANNUAL MEETING OF SEWING CLUB.

The annual meeting of the Ladies' Sewing Circle of St. Paul's Universalist church was held in the church parlors last evening. The reports of the secretary and treasurer were very pleasing and showed that the circle had done considerable work during the year. It is the circle which bears the

The Luxury of Sleep



"I also was troubled with Insomnia until I began taking JOHANN HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT with my meals."

EISNER MENDELSON COMPANY NEW YORK SOLE AGENTS

The blessings of quiet and restful slumber are reserved for those who have a good digestion.

It isn't merely in dyspeptic pains that the outraged stomach declares itself. It is in disordered nerves. This is because the stomach is a great nerve center, and when overworked it becomes a storm center. It is the action of the nerves that prevents the relaxation necessary to induce sleep, and when these nerves are kept agitated by a disturbed digestion it is no wonder we can't sleep.

Be Sure You Get JOHANN HOFF'S

How few sufferers from sleeplessness understand that the real trouble is with their digestive apparatus?

The Genuine Johann Hoff's Malt Extract is the perfect solution to such conditions of body and mind

Through its prompt and efficient aid in assisting the action of the stomach Johann Hoff's Malt Extract becomes the perfect strength and flesh and blood builder. It helps you get the benefit of your food and stops all waste. The old world and the new have thousands of voices who praise the genuine Johann Hoff's Malt Extract for sound sleep and perfect digestion. Why do you suffer without testing its virtue in your own case?

Beware of imitations put up in bottles resembling JOHANN HOFF'S....

Sound Sleep and Perfect Digestion Result from Taking Johann Hoff's Malt Extract

WHEN FLORA DRIVES.

When Flora drives, I just sit back and smile, enjoying her dainty sure ability. Before I act the part assigned to me. She takes the reins almost scraggly. Soon as we lose the haunts of trade and guilds.

The cue is taken soon. In sleepy style Old Dobbin ambles to the woodland aisle. It's just as well, perhaps, he cannot see When Flora drives.

She says I take advantage—wouldn't you? My thieving ways. Her tears are crocodile! She makes me shut with opportunity. I tell her so. And she says? Not she! But that's the shortest, most delightful mile When Flora drives.

—Edward W. Barnard in Leslie's Weekly.

EXTREMES IN THE SHOPS.

Poor Girls and Rich Women Who Alike Want Scraps of Goods.

The girl's clothes were neat and her face was pretty, but she looked rather out of place in an ultra fashionable and high priced Broadway dry goods store. One would expect her to be shopping in another quarter of the town where the stores are more crowded and the fabrics not so costly. Her air showed entire self-possession, however, when she strolled up to a cloth counter.

"Have you anything to match this?" she asked, turning up the sleeve of her jacket.

"Hum, let me see," said the man behind the counter. "How much would you want?"

"Only a small piece," said the girl promptly. "I've got to wear this jacket another season. It's worn a little on the edge of the sleeve there," pointing to the frayed part. "And I want just enough to make a new cuff for it. I thought maybe you'd have a scrap that you had no use for."

"I see," said the clerk, eying her in no unkindly way. "How would this do?" and he showed her a strip of cloth which he took from a box on the shelf.

The girl laid the fragment on her coat and made a critical comparison.

"That's the very thing I want," she said finally. "But there isn't quite enough in this piece."

"Are you sure it won't do?" asked the clerk.

"Yes," returned the girl, looking wistfully at the cloth. "I'm sure it's not enough."

The clerk leaned over the counter and glanced keenly up and down the aisle. Then he pulled down a roll of the goods which matched the girl's coat and, cutting off about a quarter of a yard, banded it to her.

"Take it along, miss," he said good naturedly. "I guess you've got enough now for the cuffs."

The girl thanked him, smiling brightly, and hastened from the store with her prize.

"Do you have many calls like that?" asked a woman who was buying dress goods at \$4 a yard.

"Oh, my, yes," returned the clerk—"a good many. And we always try to accommodate them. It's only by helping each other that we get along in this world. That girl is a dressmaker's messenger. Her wages are small, very small, but she has to keep herself looking neat. Of course we don't make a business of giving away our goods. That would hardly do. But in a store of this kind the clerks in charge of important counters have privileges not enjoyed elsewhere. We have a stock of odds and ends on hand at times and we are allowed to give them away if we see fit."

"The Ladies' Aid of the Baptist church will serve supper this evening."

Mrs. Riley Colwell has returned to her home in Pittsfield.

BOARDERS WANTED.

Two people desiring good board and comfortable room can find such, with Mrs. C. K. McKay, Meadow street, Adams, Mass.

LOST.

Between the Baptist church and the end of the electric road on Park street, Friday evening, a pocketbook, containing sum of money and postage stamps. Reward if returned to 96 Columbia street.

A CARD.

Come to my store and get a 25 or 50 cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar and I will pay you back your money if it does not cure your cough or cold.

Seymour & Co. A. E. Hall Brown & O'Connor S. Galvin & Co. M. L. Whitney & Co. C. J. Whitney William Orr Jr. Silas Mason Anthony & Burlingame.

Women's Higher Education.

Edith—Look, papa; now are you satisfied with my report? Art and music, good; astronomy, physics and chemistry, very good; logic, excellent.

Papa—I am much pleased with the report. Likewise with the method of your teacher and also with your prospects for the future. Now if you can only get a young man that understands housework, has a smattering of cooking, knows how to embroider and perhaps understands even to run the sewing machine I think you can look forward to a serene and happy married existence.—New York Times.

MOLE'S CORNER "THE HOLLY"

That is the best there is in Pocket Cutlery. You certainly like to carry a good Knife. Buy a Holly and note the perfect satisfaction you enjoy in its possession. Every knife fully warranted.

Drugs F. E. MOLE Hardware
Greylock House Block, Adams
Ask for The "F. E. M." Cigar.

Fredensborg.
Fredensborg is the largest of Denmark's royal palaces. It has an imposing exterior and is surrounded by wonderful avenues of lime, but is extremely simple in its interior arrangements. The bedrooms are small and furnished in the plainest style, and there are hardly any dressing rooms or wardrobes. A very wonderful view may be had from the palace roof, which is made entirely of copper. This metal is much used in Copenhagen, some of the steeples have copper steps by which they can be ascended. Fredensborg has a handsome interior than Fredensborg and is full of beautiful artistic objects, including, it is said, the finest Venetian glass in the world.—London Chronicle.

Java's Cinchona.
The island of Java, which is only 673 miles long and about 125 miles wide, and located only three degrees off the equator, has the distinguished position of supplying practically all the cinchona bark from which the world's supply of quinine is made. There are about 25,000 acres of this island used in growing cinchona.

Early Explains.
Explains, the largest of the world's islands, is only three degrees off the equator, and has the distinguished position of supplying practically all the cinchona bark from which the world's supply of quinine is made. There are about 25,000 acres of this island used in growing cinchona.

ROYAL CAFE 17 MAIN ST.

Now Open Under New Management.

EVERYTHING NEW AND CLEAN

If you are in want of a

Nice Steak, Oysters Clams, Soups, Chowders, Etc.

We can satisfy your appetite.

Ralph Lagasse Prop.
Delicious Home-made Pies.

North Adams Tallow Co.

(W. A. Elliott's Old Stand.)

113 Ashland St., No. Adams

"ATTENTION."

House Keepers, why not save your meat scraps, grease etc., and exchange it for soap?

Watch For The Green Wagon

ESTES & KENINGER

The new firm announce they are ready for business. All kinds of Wagon repairing and Horse Shoeing promptly executed. Estes Shop, Stamford, Vt.

U. S. STEEL

Our weekly market letter, now ready for delivery, is devoted to the financial situation, U. S. Steel Corporation, American Smelting Company and the Copper market.

A copy will be mailed upon application, and we respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.

Interest allowed on deposits. Advances made on collateral.

New York and Boston Stocks bought and sold on commission for cash, or carried on margin.

Private Wire to New York. Despatches from the leading Financial Agencies at our clients' disposal.

Gorey, Miliken & Co.
(Established 1890.)

BOND AND STOCK BROKERS,
310, 311 and 312 Exchange Bldg., BOSTON.

The first and worst of all frauds is to cheat oneself.

Firmly United. "Is she well married?" "I should say so. She's been trying for years to get a divorce and can't."—Baltimore Jewish Comment.

A crust of bread given in kindness is better than a feast spread as a duty.—Nashville Banner.

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The first and worst of all frauds is to cheat oneself.

Sam'l Cully & Co.

READY-MADE GARMENTS

The Cloak Department, Second Floor, Offers Many Inducements Wednesday.

This department takes a prominent place in this November sale of ours. We offer immense assortment of styles at remarkably low prices. Women have come to know that here they can buy the latest and the most stylish garments at most economical prices.

These Prices For Wednesday.

Finely tailored kersey jacket, 27 inches long, fancy stitched kersey straps, entirely around and down the front of jacket, velvet collar, heavy satin lining, and five other styles,

Price \$14

We've an immense stock of Ladies' garments, it would be hard to describe them all; but there is an immense range of styles, and prices from \$8 to \$20, and all the latest style creations. Raglans, Ulsters, Three-quarter coats and 27 inch jackets.

Furs

Owing to the big increase in our fur business this fall, we have transferred our furs to our cloak department on the second floor, where we offer a complete assortment of fur scarfs and jackets.

Special Fur Offer

At a very advantageous price. We have just purchased a large lot of brown opossum angora scarfs. We shall place this entire lot on sale **WEDNESDAY ONLY**, the regular value is \$7.00.

For Wednesday Only we Offer Them at 3.98 each

Petticoats

Heavy mercerized petticoats, black and white stripes, wide accordion plaited ruffle, ruche edge at

98 cents each

Black mercerized petticoats, two wide accordion plaited ruffles, one over the other, the greatest petticoat value in the city.

\$1.00 each

Sam'l Cully & Co.

We have the remainder of several lines of Heavy Underwear which we wish to close out at once and are offering them at prices below what they cost us. Now is your opportunity to get the very best makes of underwear—not a low priced garment among them—at same price at which the cheap grades are offered.

P. J. BOLAND & CO.

Kranich & Bach Ludwig & Co. Haines Bros. PIANOS

We are aware that other people sell Pianos. There are none, however, doing business on a fairer basis than ourselves. We will give you full value for your money. We offer you every protection, selling only legitimate musical instruments. The Pianos we have for sale have won a wide reputation for excellence of tone, action and durability. Our stock includes the best and most perfect Pianos in the world.

New Richmond Hotel Bldg.
WOOD BROTHERS, NORTH ADAMS.

We are offering Special Values in Fall and Winter Suits, Trousers and Overcoatings.

Your Choice

Of any of the samples in our window.

Business Suits,	\$25.00
Trousers,	\$6.00
Overcoatings,	\$25.00

All made to your measure in the very latest style—no more in price than ready-made goods—and think how much more satisfactory.

JAMES O'BRIEN, Merchant Tailor.
16 Eagle Street.

Cobblers' Repairing Outfits.
Iron Lasts at 25c. High Standard Lasts, with 4 sizes feet--1.00.
Complete Outfits, Awls, Thread, Cement, Lasts, etc., 1.50.
Leather Soles for Men, Women and Children's Shoes—25 and 20c pair.
THREAD, NAILS.
Rubber and Leather Cements, and everything for Repairing.

Burlingame & Darbys Co.

A FORUNE OF \$

Refused by Dr. Leon de Cruysen, a Former Resident of North Adams

RETURN TO FRANCE AND MARRY

The One Requirement He Will Not Accept. The Doctor Now Claims to Be of the Royal Family, Told Part of The Story Here

The larger part of the public recall Dr. Leon de Cruysen and his unsavory career in North Adams. He had an office in the Sibley block on Main street a few years ago, and succeeded in getting himself into so much trouble that it was necessary to serve a term in jail.

While here he told big tales of the fortune that would be his if he would only return to France. He is now in Kansas City. Things sometimes grow to great size in the boundless west. The doctor's story has not lost anything in color or detail since he reached that country, as the following from the Kansas City Journal will show:

Because he will not go France and marry there, Dr. Leon B. Van de Cruysen of 621 Kansas Avenue, Armourdale, is being denied an inheritance of \$60,000 francs—equal to about \$165,000 in United States currency. The legacy is one-fifth of the Van de Cruysen estate of about 4,000,000 francs, which is being held in trust in France for five heirs. The estate cannot be divided until all the heirs conform to the requirements of the will governing it, one of which provides that all must marry.

Although he knows that he would be made well off by complying with the marrying section of the will, Dr. Van de Cruysen says he prefers to remain single, and as a result the estate is tied up.

The division of the Van de Cruysen estate has hinged upon the action of Dr. Van de Cruysen regarding the marriage provision of the will for a number of years. It was at first limited to January 1, 1900, by which time he was to have chosen a bride in France, but later, through some process of law, the time was extended. Dr. Van de Cruysen was married once since he came to America. The wedding took place in Detroit in 1899. The doctor lived with his wife but a short time and later secured a divorce.

Even had he and his wife gotten along together amicably, Dr. Van de Cruysen could not have secured his legacy unless he had taken her to France and had a marriage ceremony performed in that country. France does not recognize either American or English marriage ceremonies and the second marriage would have been necessary to meet all the provisions of the will. In this connection it will be remembered that Count Boni de Castellane and his American wife, formerly Miss Anna Gould, were married upon reaching France on their wedding tour, to conform to the laws of that country.

Dr. Van de Cruysen says that he would not marry even if the legacy were to be doubled. "I would not care for a wife," he said to a reporter for the Journal. "Of course \$165,000 is not to be sneezed at but obtaining it is not a matter of life or death with him. I have enough to live on. If the courts of France decide to give me my money all right. If they do not, I guess I can live. I never think of the inheritance, as the thoughts make me nervous and cause me much unnecessary worry."

The relatives of the Armourdale doctor made every effort possible to have him return to France and marry. Letters to him have been of no avail, having brought no replies, as a rule. These efforts led to his lawyer have been equally fruitless. As a last resort a brother-in-law of Dr. Van de Cruysen wrote Mayor Reed recently, asking that influence be brought to bear upon the doctor to induce him to return to France and comply with the provisions of the will. Dr. Van de Cruysen was found to be a man capable of handling the question for him self and nothing was ever done in the matter.

During the latter part of 1899 Dr. Van de Cruysen went to France to look after his interest in the estate, but when he found that he was required to marry to secure his portion he dropped all negotiations. A conference with the members of his family ended fruitlessly, and he returned to America without his money. While in France Dr. Van de Cruysen says his relatives tried in every conceivable manner to have him marry. He was introduced to young ladies frequently by his sister in the hope that he would fall in love. He met no girl whom he would have cared to marry, however.

Dr. Van de Cruysen is 50 years of age, and has practiced medicine over 30 years. He came to the United States in 1881, first, and, with the exception of his visit to France in 1899, has been here continuously since. His reason for leaving his home, which was at that time in Kent, Belgium, was because his parents wanted him to marry a girl of his station whom he disliked. He was in love with another girl whom his relatives considered below him socially. His family persecuted him so in their efforts to have him marry the girl he did not love that he left home and came to America.

The Van de Cruysen family is of royal Flemish blood on the female side, having been descended from Baron Bernard, one of the Crusaders who took part in the crusade of 1099, when Jerusalem was conquered by the Flemish and Godfrey de Bouillon was made king. The name Van de Cruysen means literally "of the crusade."

The estate which is now being held in France was left by Dr. Van de Cruysen's father. On-half was willed to the physician's mother, and the remainder was to be divided among the five children. The doctor Van de Cruysen had lived extravagantly, however, and the legacies of the children were not considered sufficient to make them independent. It was therefore decided to turn the whole estate over to an uncle, who was to hold in trust, paying out enough to the Van de Cruysen family to live on. A few years ago the estate was turned back to the family and has been held undivided since awaiting the marriage of Dr. Van de Cruysen.

When asked recently whether he would ever change his mind and re-

ELECTION EXTRAS

The Transcript will follow its custom of issuing election extras this year by publishing at an early hour tomorrow morning an extra edition giving the full returns from the county, state and other states, including the New York city election. This edition will go to press several hours later than the papers from out of the city, although issued before the mills of the city open for the day, and will therefore contain the most reliable news of the returns that are to be obtained.

In addition to this, an extra addition will be issued this evening containing the result of the representative contest and local vote on other offices, provided the returns are completed so that the edition may be issued at a reasonable hour, as will probably be the case.

Bulletins from this city, the county the state, and New York city will be given by megaphone from the Transcript office during the evening, as has been done in the past.

In every respect the Transcript will make its extra election service as complete as possible.

turn to France to comply with the will and secure the money," Dr. Van de Cruysen said. "I cannot say. I hardly think I ever shall."

NEW UNIFORMS ORDERED

Lafayette Guards Will Soon Appear in New Outfit. Company's Prosperous Condition

At the regular meeting of Lafayette guards last night it was decided to hold a concert and dance in the near future, the date not being fixed. The following were appointed a committee of arrangements: Wilfred Paradise, Noe Benjamin, Alfred Girard, Joseph Rivers, Napoleon Lanoue, Delphis Cummings, William Hamel and Arthur Girard.

As has before been published, the organization recently appropriated \$600 for uniforms, hats and swords, and the orders for these were sent today. The entire company, numbering 38 men, will be supplied with new hats, and 15 uniforms and swords were ordered for new members. The uniforms will come from Philadelphia, and the swords from the Ames sword company of Chicago.

The new equipments will be received in about a month and the company will then be better equipped and in better condition than ever before. There was money enough in the treasury to pay for the new equipments and leave a substantial balance, which shows that the organization is on a good basis financially as well as in other respects.

THE RESEARCH CLUB

Mrs. Millard's Interesting Paper on the Roman Republic Read Yesterday

The Research club held its second meeting of the year yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. O. J. Brown on Church street. The program arranged was an interesting one, every number bearing in some way upon the general subject "Rome." The feature of the afternoon was Mrs. C. K. Millard's paper on the Roman republic, which dealt in a brief but interesting manner with the social conditions leading up to the republic itself, covering the entire period. The paper was followed by a reading from Julius Caesar by Mrs. J. D. Hunter. The topics for the afternoon were Barcilla Julia by Miss Fortna, Fairfield. Sopra Minerva by Mrs. A. Hawkins, and Ara Coeli by Mrs. E. M. Meekins.

Following the custom of the club, each member responded to the roll call with a little quotation, the subject for yesterday's meeting being "Early Roman legends."

LOVE TRIUMPHS

In The Eller Assault Case. A Brave Drunk Who Walked into the Police Station

The Eller-Parker assault case in the district court turned out as such cases usually do, and love reigns supreme once more. Frank retracted his former plea of not guilty and pleaded guilty this morning. Nora said she had satisfaction enough and didn't want to press the case farther and the papers were filed away. Little love tokens were re-exchanged once more, and the two departed presumably to live happily ever after.

Ernest Gigliotti, the alleged Italian forger, will spend at least two more weary days in jail, his case having been continued until November 27.

The oft-continued case of George Gileo, who is accused of having neglected to send his daughter to school, was further continued.

William Dunn, who walked into the police station late last night of his own free will, and was forcibly detained there, pleaded guilty to drunkenness this morning and had his case continued. One more drunk had his papers filed away, and a case of expired probation was also filed.

Republican City Committee Meets

The republican city committee held a meeting at the court room last night to arrange for the work in the different wards today. It was arranged to have the various ward committees on duty as usual and to see that the interests of the party candidates were properly looked after. Aside from this no business was done.

Men Invited Ladies to Eat

The attendance at the meeting of the Home missionary society of the Methodist church last night was rather small. The ladies were pleasantly surprised by being served with refreshments by the men, who were holding a banquet in the next room.

THE PADDOCK MEMORIAL

Circular issued by the Berkshire Medical Society to The Public

A bronze bust in memorial to the late Dr. Frank K. Paddock is to be erected in the House of Mercy at Pittsfield by public subscription, Cashier Ferrey receiving the funds. The committee appointed by the recent meeting of the Berkshire district medical society has issued this circular.

"It has been thought fitting and proper that the work of the late Dr. Frank K. Paddock should be suitably recognized by his many friends and patients in this community."

"The House of Mercy was so often the scene of his skillful and most successful work and in its growth from its very beginning he was so vitally interested, it seems a proper recognition of his service that within its walls should be placed a memorial to the surgeon, the man and the well beloved friend. The form of the memorial is to be that of a bronze bust, and if the contributions warrant it the equipment of a second operating room. Thus perpetuating not only the face of the man whom we knew so well, but the carrying on of the work in which he was so conspicuously successful."

"At a recent meeting of the Berkshire District medical society, the following gentlemen were appointed a committee to have this matter in charge: Dr. J. P. A. Adams, Dr. Henry Colt, William R. Plunkett and I. D. Ferrer."

"Any one desiring to contribute towards this memorial can send their subscriptions to I. D. Ferrer at the Agricultural national bank or to any member of the committee."

THE MONDAY CLUB

First Work Meeting of The Year Considered "American Arts and Crafts"

The first work meeting for the year of the Monday club, held yesterday afternoon at the homes of Mrs. R. A. L. Watson, on Pleasant street, proved to be one of the most enjoyable afternoons ever spent by the club. The subject for the meeting was "American arts and crafts." Mrs. J. C. Goodrich read papers on straw and textile weaving, and Mrs. R. A. L. Watson gave a talk on American pottery, beginning with Peruvian work of 2300 B. C. and taking up different forms of ancient and modern American pottery. The papers and talks were supplemented in a very interesting manner by a large and unusually fine collection of the different articles referred to. Many valuable old pieces of pottery and weaving were loaned for the occasion.

MR. DEAN'S NARROW ESCAPE

Bottom of His Road Cart Broke and His Horse Ran Some Distance

Selectman George Z. Dean of Cheshire, the republican candidate for senator in the Berkshire district, met with a serious accident and narrowly escaped with his life late yesterday afternoon. He was driving over the mountain road from Lanesboro to Cheshire and while descending the steepest hill the bottom of his road cart gave away, causing him to drop through till his feet were on the ground, in which position he was dragged nearly 100 yards. In the fall he dropped the reins and the horse, a spirited one, ran until he reached a long steep hill, on which he stopped. Although badly bruised and shaken up no bones were broken and it is hoped no serious results will follow the accident.

MEN'S SOCIAL UNION

Men of Methodist Church Organize for The Winter's Work

The men of the Methodist church met last night and formed a new organization called the "Men's social union." There were about 100 present and a very enthusiastic meeting resulted. Refreshments were served after the business of the evening had been transacted and speeches and toasts were in order. W. H. Sperry was chairman of the meeting and H. H. Walley secretary.

The officers elected are as follows: President, Lewis Amell; first vice-president, W. H. Sperry; second vice-president, Dr. H. H. Gadsby; third vice-president, W. J. Peck; secretary, Fred E. White; first assistant secretary, W. W. Cummings; second assistant secretary, George Phelps, and treasurer, E. M. Hoag.

Had a Ride to Cheshire

Mrs. Eugene Franchere, Mrs. J. J. Bowker, Mrs. William Wainwright, Mrs. Joseph Grindy, Mrs. William Ritchie, Mrs. James Eckersley, Mrs. Jessie Hadfield, Mrs. Ellen Wood, Mrs. Mary Birch, Mrs. James Whittaker, Mrs. Mary McKee, Mrs. James Latham, Mrs. Thomas A. Mort, Mrs. J. T. Dick, of this city, Mrs. R. E. Buckley of Stockport, England, and Miss Lizzie Sager of Lawrence, composed a party which enjoyed a big wagon ride to Adams and Cheshire yesterday. They stopped on the return trip at the Greylock house where a hot turkey supper was served for them. The menu was excellent and Mrs. Welch, the landlady, was complimented as a very entertaining hostess.

Sisters Entertain Pythians

The Rathbone Sisters gave a reception and banquet last night to the Knights of Pythias at Pythian hall. There were about 60 present including a few invited guests. A program of readings, recitations and music was rendered and this was followed by dancing whist and a spread. The occasion was a very enjoyable one to all present.

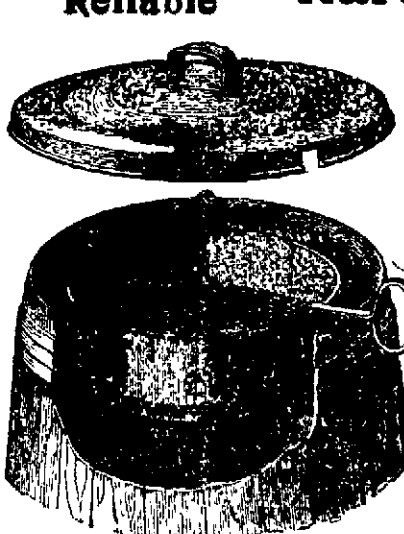
"YORK STATE FOLKS"

"York state folks" with the original company, has been obtained for a return date at the Empire, Tuesday, November 20.

Y. M. C. A. course reserved seat sale Thursday at Richmond box office at 7 p. m.

ALDERMAN & GARLISLE

North Adams Reliable Hardware Store



Every Man or Woman that has any economy a all sifts their ashes.

Do you need a New Sifter? We have them a 15c, 20c, 75c and \$1.00

Coal Hods from 25c to 50c.

Furnace Scoops, As Cans, etc.

Come in and see our Goods; we have one of the largest and most up-to-date Stores in Western Massachusetts.

OUR SALE

Of Dress Goods, Black Goods, Furs, Carpets, Matting, Rugs, Domestic, Cloaks, Capes and Jackets, will last till **Saturday, November 9.** Everything in our stock marked to the lowest figure.

MICHAEL FLAHERTY
Corner Lincoln and Center Sts.

A Satisfied Customer

Is our best advertisement and we know that you were satisfied if you bought here Saturday for the Quality was high and the Price was low. We were satisfied for we had the largest days business in our history and the people are finding out they can get Quality at cut prices here.

F. L. SIMONDS, 159 River Street
Telephone 103-12.

THE ORIGINAL THE ONLY

SALT WATER TAFFY

THIS IS THE WAY GALE MAKES IT



Blackinton Mills Cloth,
Cheviots, Fancy Worsted, Cassimeres, Clay Worsted and Fine Trousers for Men. Ladies' Cloaking and Dress Goods in all the popular colors for Women and Girls. Mill Ends and Short Remnants, just the thing for Boys' knee pants and Children's wear. Prices low and quality unexcelled.

BLACKINTON CLOTH CO.,
P. J. Mahoney, Manager.
51 Eagle Street, Corner Center.
Open Wednesday and Saturday Evenings until 9 o'clock.

EVERYTHING NEW

In Solid Silver Ware, Silver Tea Sets, Sterling Silver Brushes, Combs, Mirrors, Novelties and Jewelry which we have bought right and are now offering at prices as low as any in the city.

WATCH and JEWELRY REPAIRING, We Make a Specialty.

S. M. WHITE, 87 Main St.

Just What You're Looking For:

A 7-room house with bath, heated by steam lighted by electricity and located in best section of 5th ward.

Price very low and terms reasonable.
Harvey A. Gallup
Real Estate and Insurance.
Boland Block

2000 Pairs Shoes

Must Be Sold Within 14 Days.

As I am closing out my business on account of ill health. My entire stock of Boots, Shoes and Rubbers have got to go at your own price. Also my house furniture, used only nine months will be sold at a bargain.

M. Shapiro,
70 Union St., Cut Price Shoe Store